

Operator's Manual

Serial number range

GTH-5519 (Perkins Tier III) From serial n.: 193

From serial n.: 19388

GTH-5519 (Deutz Tier III) From serial n.: 19006 To serial n.: 25040

To serial n.: 25040

With Maintenance

Information

First Edition

Eleventh Printing

Part No. 57.0009.0412

Important

Read, understand and obey these safety rules and operating instructions before operating the machine. Only trained and qualified personnel shall be authorized to operate the machine. This manual shall be kept with the machine at all times.

For any further information, please call Terexlift.

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Original Instructions

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Introduction

■ Symbols



Safety alert symbol: used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death

A DANGER Red: indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

AWARNING Orange: indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

ACAUTION Yellow: indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

Blue: indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in property damage.

PROTECT THE ENVIRONMENT Green: used to draw the attention to important information on environment protection.



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Machine Identification

Check that the operator handbook refers to the delivered machine.

■ MODEL AND TYPE

Handler with telescopic boom:

models: *GTH-5519*

■ MANUFACTURER

TEREXLIFT srl

Zona Industriale - I-06019 UMBERTIDE (PG) - ITALY

Enrolled in the register of companies at the Court of Perugia under no. 4823

C.C.I.A.A. 102886

Fiscal Code/V.A.T. no. 00249210543

■ APPLICABLE STANDARDS

For the operator's safety, the following standards were obeyed during the risk assessment of the handler fitted with telescopic boom norme:

Directive

Title

ANSI/ITSDF B56.6-2002 part III where applicable.

CSA B335-04 where applicable.

■ MACHINE IDENTIFICATION PLATES

The following data plates are applied on the machine:

Machine data plate

The identification plate contains the main identification data of the machine like model, serial number and year of manufacture.

The data plate is applied on the front right side of the chassis.

ROPS-FOPS cab type-approval plate

The ROPS - FOPS type-approval plate is located inside the driving cab above the rear glass.

Fork data plate

Placed on the left side of the fork frame.

This plate shows the identification data of fork such as model, serial number, year of manufacture, weight, nominal payload, centre of the load and model of the machine on which the forks are installed.

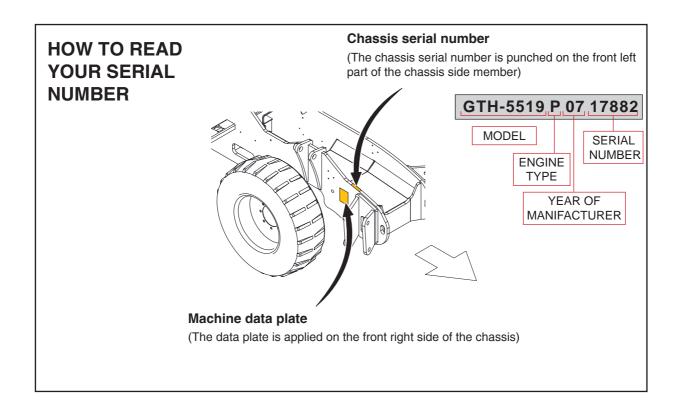
Machine Identification

■ CHASSIS SERIAL NUMBER

The chassis serial number is punched on the front left part of the chassis side member.

■ IDENTIFICATION PLATES OF THE MAIN PARTS

The plates of the main components, not directly manufactured by **TEREXLIFT srl** (for instance, engines, pumps, etc.), are located where originally applied by the manufacturers.



Symbols Used On The Machine

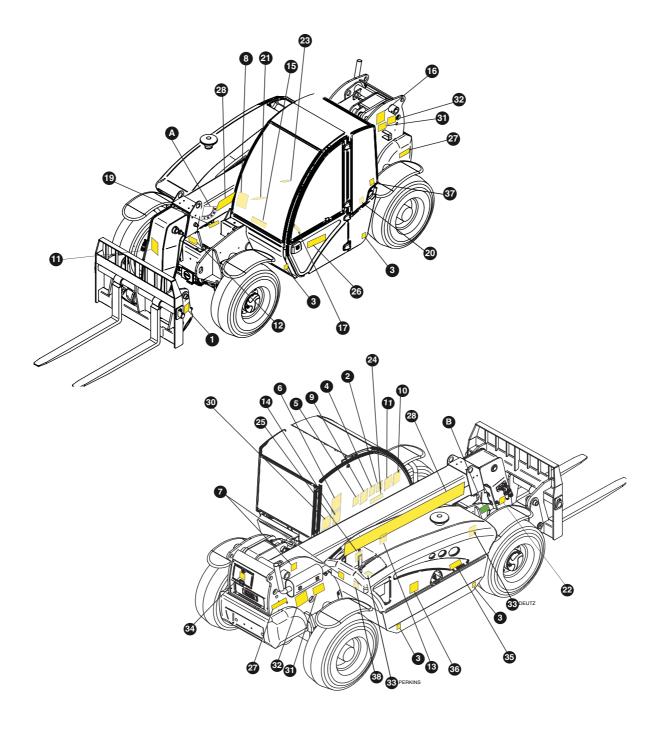
B	<u> </u>	(!)	(P)	- +
Fuel level	General alarm	Low engine oil pressure	Parking brake	Battery charge
\$\(\)\$	<u>[Å</u>		\Leftrightarrow	≣D
Hydraulic oil filter clogged	Hydraulic oil filter	Low Hydraulic Oil Level	Turn signals	High beam
0	(ii)			 ■D
Not active	Not active	Glow Plugs Preheating	High Coolant Tempe- rature	Low beam
Ħ	5			- 00-
Rear Wheel Aligned	Air Filter Restricted	Hour-meter	Hydraulic Oil Temperature Indicator	Position lights
	SS	☆	≢ D	
Windscreen washer	Cab ventilation fan	Position lights	Fog lamp	Hazard warning lights
	IН	2	DIESEL	ON. HYDRAULC
Continuous Oil Flow	Steering mode	Anchorage points	Fuel cap	Hydraulic oil
Engine oil level	Moving gears	Risk of crushing injury	Hot surfaces. Risk of	
Linguite on level	ivioving gears	to the hands	Hot surfaces. Hisk of burns	

Symbols Used On The Machine

■ HAZARD PICTORIAL DESCRIPTIONS



Shading indicates decal is hidden from view, i.e. under covers.



Use the pictures on these pages to verify that all decals are legible and in place. The following chart shows quantities and description too.

Ref.	Decal	Code	Description	Qt.
1	WORKING PORTOR SAFETY FIN STORAGE PORTOR 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	09.4618.0791	Safety pin operation	1
2	Palling Object Trained Palling Object Trained particle of the Contract particle of the Contra	97669C	Warning - Falling Object Hazard	1
3	P= 4.5 bar 65 psi	09.4618.0061	Tyre inflation sticker P= 4.5 bar / 65 psi	4
4	A WARNING Overturning Hazard Dath of horizontal State of the Control of the Control State of	114352B	Overturning Hazard for Cab	1
5	A WARNING Boddy Injury Nazard Death or serious injury can result from failure to ware east back. This machine is equipped with a Roll	97665B	Warning - Bodly Injury Hazard	1
6	A WARNING Intercept operation or a resolution serious injury or death. Serious injury or death. If you do not understand expected or manufal and all safely signs before using or manufalling machine. If you do not understand manufalling machine, recovered your supportion, the owner or the manufalling machine.	97666B	Warning - Improper Operation	1
7	Burn Nazard Contact with hot surfaces can cause burns. Do not buch, Allow surfaces to cool before servicing.	97667B	Warning - Burn Hazard	2

Ref.	Decal	Code	Description	Qt.
8	Crush Hazard Death or serious injury could unattended machine. Set parking brake, lower carriage or attachment og ground before teeving machine.	97670B	Warning - Crush Hazard, Parking Brake	1
9	County Mezard Death or crush Mezard Death or crush Mezard Death or crush death or crush from percent and percent	97672B	Danger - Crush Hazard, No Riders	1
10	Overturning Hazard Haza	114356A	Oveturing hazard_use load chars	1
11	Death or Serious hipsy can result from handling of personnel with this machine. Never equip machine with any form of presonnel platform or allow personnel to risk on standment.	97673B	Danger - Fall Hazard, No Riders	2
12	Crush Nazard components. Crush Stand of components. Serious Injury. Serious Suplay. Ser	97674B	Warning - Crush Hazard, Overhead Parts	1
13	Burn Hazard Hot fluid under pressure can scald. Allow to cool before opening. www.s.	97675B	Warning - Burn Hazard, Hot Component	1

Ref.	Decal	Code	Description	Qt.
14	DANGER DEFINITION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP	97676B	Danger - Electrocution Hazard	1
15	Emergency Exit Handle	97688	Emergency Exit Handle	1
16	AWARNING Indicate the control of th	82558B	Warning - Injection Hazard	1
17	OIL HYDRAULIC OB-418-0000	09.4618.0928	Label - Hydraulic Oil	1
19	TP5 TP4 TP3 TP2 TP1	09.4618.0786	Label - Testing ports	1
20		09.4618.0776	Label - Upper Door Internal Unlock System	1
21	NOTICE A A 0 0 WHENT	09.4618.0781	Label - Flow Reversal Button	1
22	CAUTION	09.4618.0782	Caution - Connect./disconnect. Quick Coupling OPTIONAL	1
23	00401.700	09.4618.0780	Label - Continuous Flow Knob (up to s/n: 24128)	1

Ref.	Decal	Code	Description	Qt.
23		09.4618.1634	Label - Continuous Flow Knob (from s/n: 24129)	1
24		09.4618.0819	Label - Lever Controls	1
25		09.4618.0792	Label - Engine Cover Closing	1
26	Genîe.	114470	Cosmetic - GENIE Logo	1
27	GTH-5519	09.4618.0644	Cosmetic - GTH-5519	2
28	Genie, GTH-5519	09.4618.0643	Cosmetic - Genie GTH-5519	2
29		09.4618.0109	Sticker With Various Warnings	1
30	Overturning Hazard Overturning Hazard Overturning before Overtu	97668B	Warning - Overturning Hazard	1

Ref.	Decal	Code	Description	Qt.
31	A WARNING Crush Hazard Machine Increase can increase cross injury or drawl	114365A	Crush Hazard	2
32	Falling Object Hazard Death or Serious Igury can result from falling objects. Do not enter the around the boom order or or off the ground or the engine is running.	114367B	Falling Objects	2
33	Body hays hazed. Constat with movel op parts any cause surface lays. Bay clear of beds and tan share source of services and a services lays.	28162C	Fan Belt	1
34	100	28159C	Diesel	1
35	Compartment access is restricted. Contact with components under any cover may result in serious injury. strain # 1. **Compartments** Compartments** Compar	28175H	Warning for Engine Cover	1
36	Explained four Natural Service of Control of	31788C	Warning - Burn Hazard, Hot Component	1

Ref.	Decal	Code	Description	Qt.
37	100	09.4618.1025	Label - Upper Door External Unlock System	1
38	KO2 KO1 Esz KO2 KO1 KO2 KO1 KO2 KO1 KO2 KO	09.4618.0949	Label - Fuses and Relays Engine Board	1
A	11.11.10.08 11.11.10.08 11.11.10.08	09.4618.0205	Boom tilting degree	1
В	TEREXULTI S.F.I. TEREXULTI S.	09.4616.0101	Machine data plate. The identification plate contains the main identification data of the machine.	1



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■ DAMAGED MACHINE HAZARDS

- Do not use a damaged or defective machine.
- Do a thorough pre-operation inspection of the machine and test all functions before each work shift. Tag and remove from service a damaged or defective machine.
- Make sure that all maintenance jobs have been carried out as specified in this manual and the appropriate service manual.
- Make sure that all decals are in place and legible.
- Make sure that the operator's manual is legible and placed in the special container located in the machine.

■ PERSONAL INJURY HAZARDS

- Do not operate the machine in case of hydraulic oil or air leak. Air or hydraulic oil leaks can penetrate or burn the skin.
- Always operate the machine in a well ventilated area to avoid carbon monoxide poisoning.
- Do not lower the boom if the area underneath is not clear of personnel or obstructions.

■ SAFETY DEVICES



Several safety devices have been fitted to the machine. They must never be tampered with or removed.

Regularly check the efficiency of such devices. In case of faults, stop working immediately and proceed in replacing the defective device. For the checking procedures, read chap. "Maintenance"



Not observing the instructions and safety rules in this manual may result in death or serious injury.

Do not operate the machine unless:

- You learn and practice the principles of safe machine operation contained in this operator's manual.
 - **1.Avoid hazardous situations.** Read and understand the safety instructions before going on to the next chapter.
 - 2. Always perform a pre-operation inspection.
 - 3. Always test the machine functions prior to use.
 - 4. Inspect the work place.
 - 5. Only use the machine for the intended application.
- Read, understand and obey the manufacturer's instructions and the safety rules, the safety and operator's manuals, and the decals applied on the machine.
- Read, understand and obey the employer's safety rules and worksite regulations.
- Read, understand and obey the applicable national regulations.
- Only trained personnel informed on the safety rules can operate the machine.

■ GENERAL REMARKS

Most accidents occurring while working, repairing or maintaining machines, are caused by not complying with the basic safety precautions.

Therefore, it is necessary to pay steady attention to the potential hazards and the effects that may come of operations carried out on the machine.

NOTICE

If you recognise hazardous situations, you can prevent accidents!

A DANGER

The instructions given in this handbook are the ones established by TEREXLIFT. They do not exclude other safe and most convenient ways for the machine installation, operation and maintenance that take into account the available spaces and means.

If you decide to follow instructions other than those given in this manual, you shall absolutely:

- be sure that the operations you are going to carry out are not explicitly forbidden;
- be sure that the methods are safe, say, in compliance with the rules and provisions given in this section:
- be sure that the methods cannot damage the machine directly or indirectly or make it unsafe;
- contact TEREXLIFT Assistance Service for any suggestion and the necessary written permission.

■ REQUISITES OF THE PERSONNEL IN CHARGE

■ Requisites of the MACHINE OPERATORS

The operators who use the machine regularly or occasionally (i.e. for transport reasons) shall have the following prerequisites:

health:

before and during any operation, operators shall never take alcoholic beverages, medicines or other substances that may alter their psychophysical conditions and, consequently, their working abilities.

physical:

good eyesight, acute hearing, good co-ordination and ability to carry out all required operations in a safe way, according to the instructions of this manual.

mental:

ability to understand and apply the enforced rules, regulations and safety precautions. They shall be careful and sensible for their own as well as for the others' safety and shall desire to carry out the work correctly and in a responsible way.

emotional:

they shall keep calm and always be able to evaluate their own physical and mental conditions.

training:

they shall read and be familiar with this handbook, its enclosed graphs and diagrams, the identification and hazard warning plates. They shall be skilled and trained about the machine use.

NOTICE

The operator shall have a licence (or a driving licence) when provided for by the laws enforced in the country where the machine works. Please, ask the competent bodies. In Italy the operator must be at least 18 year old.

■ Requisites of the SERVICEMEN

The personnel charged with the machine maintenance shall be qualified, specialised in the maintenance of telehandlers, and shall have the following prerequisites:

physical:

good eyesight, acute hearing, good co-ordination and ability to carry out all required maintenance operations in a safe way, according to this manual. mental:

ability to understand and apply the enforced rules, regulations and safety precautions. They shall be careful and sensible for their own as well as for the others' safety and shall desire to carry out the work correctly and in a responsible way.

training:

they shall read and be familiar with this handbook, its enclosed graphs and diagrams, the identification and warning plates. They shall be skilled and trained about the machine functioning.

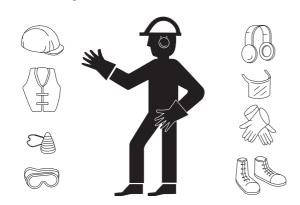
NOTICE

From a technical point of view, the ordinary maintenance of the machine is not a complex intervention and can be carried out by the machine operator, too, provided he has a basic knowledge of mechanics.

■ WORKING CLOTHES

During work, but especially when maintaining or repairing the machine, operators must wear suitable protective clothing:

- Overalls or any other comfortable garments.
 Operators should not wear clothes with large sleeves or objects that can get stuck in moving parts of the machine.
- Protective helmet.
- Protective gloves.
- Working shoes.





Use only type-approved working clothing in good condition.

Personal PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Under special working conditions, the following personal protective equipment should be used:

- Breathing set (or dust mask).
- Ear-protectors or equivalent equipment.
- · Goggles or facial masks.

■ OTHER DANGERS

Hazards on the JOBSITE

Always take into account the features of the job site where you are going to work:

 Always examine the working area and compare it with the machine dimensions in the different configurations.

A DANGER

The machine is not electrically insulated and does not provide protection from contact with or proximity to electrical power lines.

Always keep at a minimum safe distance from the telescopic boom and the lifted load. Electrical hazards!

DEATH OR INJURY CAN RESULT FROM CONTACTING ELECTRIC POWER LINES.

ALWAYS CONTACT THE ELECTRIC POWER LINES OWNER. THE ELECTRIC POWER SHALL BE DISCONNECTED OR THE POWER LINES MOVED OR INSULATED BEFORE MACHINE OPERATIONS BEGIN

POWE	R LIN	IE VOLT	AGE	REQUIRE	ED (CLEARANCE
0	to	50	kV	10	ft	3.00 m
50	to	200	kV	15	ft	4.60 m
200	to	350	kV	20	ft	6.10 m
350	to	500	kV	25	ft	7.62 m
500	to	750	kV	35	ft	10.67 m
750	to	1000	kV	45	ft	13.72 m

 Keep away from the machine in case of contact with energized power lines. Personnel on the ground must never touch or operate the machine until energized power lines are shut off.



Do not at any time use the machine during a storm.

■ OPERATION or MAINTENANCE hazards

Before any operation, following precautions should be taken:

 First of all, make sure that the maintenance interventions have been carried out with care according to the established schedule.



Set the machine to working configuration and sway it. Use the special inclinometer to the right of the driving place to check that the machine is level before operating it.

- Ensure you have enough fuel to avoid a sudden stop of the engine, especially during a crucial manoeuvre.
- Clean instruments, data plates, lights and the cab windscreen thoroughly.
- Check the correct functioning of all the safety devices installed on the machine and in the job site.
- In case of troubles or difficulties, inform the foreman at once. Never start working under unsafe conditions.
- Do not carry out any repair work in a makeshift way to start working!

During work, and especially maintenance, always pay the greatest attention:

- Do not walk or stop under raised loads or machine parts supported by hydraulic cylinders or ropes only.
- Keep the machine handholds and access steps always clean from oil, grease or dirt to prevent falls or slips.



 When entering/leaving the cab or other raised parts, always face the machine; never turn the back.



- When carrying out operations at hazardous heights (over 1.5 meters from the ground), always use approved fall restraint or fall arrest devices.
- Do not enter/leave the machine while it is running.
- Do not leave the driving place when the machine is running.
- Neither stop nor carry out interventions under or between the machine wheels when engine is running. When maintenance in this area is required, stop the engine.
- Do not carry out maintenance or repair works without a sufficient lighting.
- When using the machine lights, the beam should be oriented in order not to blind the personnel at work.
- Before applying voltage to electric cables or components, check their connection and proper functioning.
- Do not carry out interventions on electric components with voltage over 48V.
- Do not connect wet plugs or sockets.
- Plates and hazard warning stickers shall never be removed, hidden or become unreadable.
- Except for maintenance purposes, do not remove safety devices, shields, protection cases, etc.
 Should their removal be necessary, stop the engine, remove them with the greatest care and always remember to refit them before starting the engine and using the machine again.
- Before any maintenance or repair work, stop the engine and disconnect the batteries.

- · Do not lubricate, clean or adjust moving parts.
- Do not carry out operations manually when specific tools are provided for this purpose.
- Avoid the use of tools in bad condition or use in an improper way i.e. pliers instead of adjustable wrenches, etc.
- Applying loads in different points of the attachment holding plate is forbidden.



Any intervention on the hydraulic circuit must be carried out by authorised personnel.

The hydraulic circuit of this machine is fitted with pressure accumulators. You and others could be seriously injured if accumulators are not completely depressurised.

For this purpose, shut the engine down and step on the brake pedal 8/10 times.



- Before carrying out operations on hydraulic lines under pressure or disconnecting hydraulic components, ensure the relevant line has been previously depressurised and does not contain any hot fluid.
- Do not empty catalytic mufflers or other vessels containing burning materials without taking the necessary precautions.
- After any maintenance or repair work, make sure that no tool, cloth or other object has been left within machine compartments, fitted with moving parts, or where suction and cooling air circulates.

- When working, do not give instructions or signs to several people at the same time. Instructions and signs must be given by one person only.
- Always pay due attention to the instructions given by the foreman.
- Never distract the operator during working phases or crucial manoeuvres.
- Do not call an operator suddenly, if unnecessary.
- Do not frighten an operator or throw objects by any means.
- After work, never leave the machine under potentially dangerous conditions.

■ MACHINE OPERATION hazards

Absolutely avoid the following work situations:

- Do not handle loads beyond the maximum capacity of the machine.
- Do not raise or extend the boom if the machine is not on a firm, level surface.
- Do not operate the machine in strong wind. Do not increase the surface area of the machine or forked load exposed to the wind. Increasing the area exposed to the wind will decrease machine stability.
- Use extreme caution and slow speeds when the machine is driven across uneven or unstable grounds, slippery surfaces or near trenches or drop-offs.
- Limit travel speed according to ground conditions, slopes, presence of personnel or other factors which may cause collision.
- Do not place or attach overhanging loads to any part of the machine.

■ EXPLOSION OR FIRE hazards

- Do not start the engine if you smell or detect LPG, gasoline, diesel fuel or other explosive substances.
- Do not refuel the machine with the engine running.
- Refuel the machine and charge the battery only in a well ventilated area away from sparks, naked flames and lighted cigarettes.
- Do not operate the machine in dangerous environments or in places with flammable or explosive gases or materials.
- Do not inject ether in engines equipped with glow plugs.
- Do not leave fuel cans or bottles in unsuitable places.
- Neither smoke nor use open flames in areas subject to fire dangers and in presence of fuel, oil or batteries.
- Carefully handle all flammable or dangerous substances.
- Do not tamper with fire-extinguishers or pressure accumulators.

■ DAMAGED COMPONENT hazards

- Do not use battery chargers or batteries with a voltage above 12V to start the engine.
- Do not use the machine as a ground for welding.

■ PERSONAL INJURY hazards

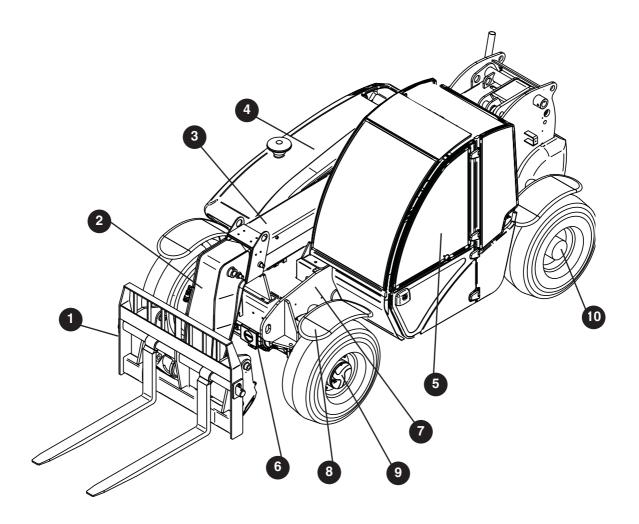
- Do not operate the machine in case of hydraulic oil or air leak. Air or hydraulic oil leaks can penetrate or burn the skin.
- Always operate the machine in a well ventilated area to avoid carbon monoxide poisoning.
- Do not lower the boom if the area underneath is not clear of personnel or obstructions.





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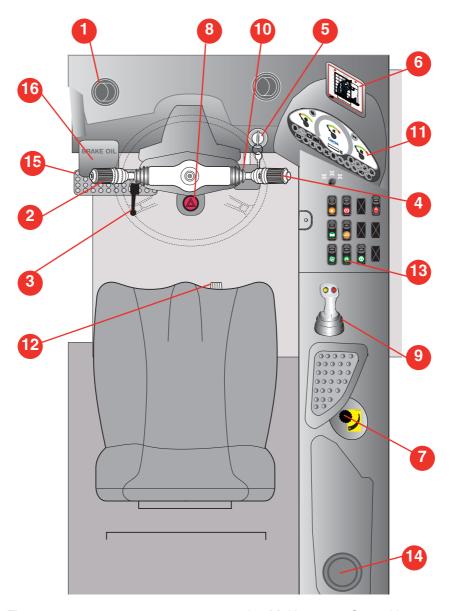
Description Of The Main Components



- 1. Forks
- 2. 2nd boom section
- 3. 1st boom section
- 4. Engine hood
- 5. Driving cab
- 6. Front axle
- 7. Chassis
- 8. Left front wheel mud-guard
- 9. Left front wheel reduction gear
- 10. Left rear wheel reduction gear



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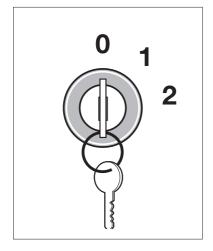
- 1. Fresh Air Flap
- 2. Forward/reverse Gear Selector Lever
- 3. Steering Colum Angle Adjustment
- 4. Turn Signals Windscreen Washer Horn
- 5. Ignition Switch
- 6. Load Charts Holder
- 7. Continuous Oil Flow Potentiometer
- 8. Hazard Warning Lights Switch

- 9. Multipurpose Control Lever
- 10. Gas Pedal
- 11. Instruments Dashboard
- 12. Cab Heater Control Knob
- 13. Fuses And Relays Board
- 14. Windscreen water reservoir
- 15. Service Brake Pedal
- 16. Service Brake Oil Tank

■ Ignition switch

Three-position switch:

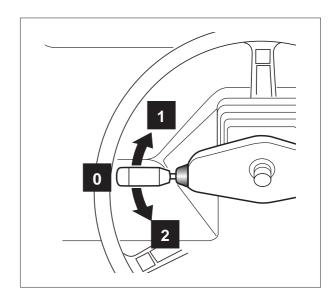
- No circuit under voltage, key can be removed and engine is stopped
- 1 Circuits under voltage, presetting for the engine starting. Board controls and instruments are on.
- 2 Engine starting; when released, key springs back to pos.1 automatically.



■ Forward/reverse gear selector switch

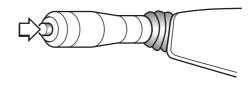
Three-position switch with lock in neutral position:

- 0 Neutral position; no gear engaged
- 1 Shift lever to pos. 1 to select the forward gear
- 2 Shift lever to pos. 2 to select the reverse gear



■ Horn function:

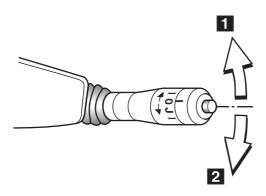
When sliding the lever along its axis, horn switches on, independently from other pre-set functions.



■ Turn signals - Lights (OPTIONAL) (only with closed cabin)

■ Turn signals function:

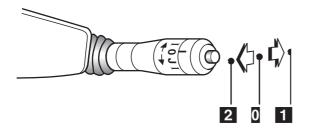
Set lever to pos. 1 to indicate a turn leftwards or to pos. 2 to indicate a turn rightwards.



■ Lights function:

To switch the handler lights, lever can be set to three different positions along its horizontal axis:

- 0 low beam ON, stable condition
- 1 high beam ON, stable condition
- 2 high beam used for intermittent signalling; when released, the lever springs back to position 0.



Controls And Instruments



When starting the engine the lights of all the pushbuttons turn automatically on!

Only the switching-on of the orange warning light sets on the top of the pushbutton will indicate the activation of the function.

17 Road lights switch (OPTIONAL)

Three-position switch placed on the right side of the dashboard:



- 0 Lights OFF
- 1 Position lights ON (the orange lights turn on)
- 2 Low beam ON (the orange lights turn on)



Brakes

15 Service Brake Pedal

Gradually step on the brake pedal to decelerate and stop the machine. The pedal operates on the front axle.

Fully depressing the brake pedal causes a reset of the displacement of the power drive pump and makes the braking action more powerful.

18 Parking Brake

The parking brake of negative type engages automatically when the engine is stopped.

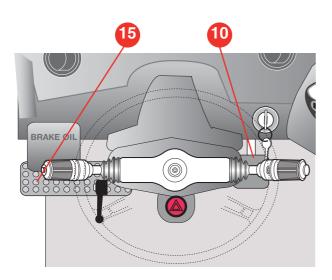
When the handler's engine is restarted, pressing the pushbutton switch **18** unlocks the parking brake.

To stop the handler without shutting down the engine, press the pushbutton switch 18 to engage the parking brake and push it once again to disengage the brake.

When starting the engine the light of the pushbutton turns automatically on! When the orange light at the top of the pushbutton and the dashboard warning light are on, the parking brake is engaged.

ACAUTION

Never use the parking brake to slow down the machine, unless in an emergency. It may reduce the brake efficiency.



Accelerator control

10 Gas Pedal

Its pressure controls the engine rpm and the machine speed. It is fitted with an adjustable stop in the lower part.



When starting the engine the lights of all the pushbuttons turn automatically on!

Only the switching-on of the orange warning light sets on the top of the pushbutton will indicate the activation of the function.



■ Steering mode selection

20 Steering Mode Switch

Three-position switch for the selection of the steering mode:



- 1 Four-wheel steering
- 0 Two-wheel steering
- 2 Crab steering

Continuous Oil Flow



Before activate the Continuous Oil Flow function, make sure the connectors of the attachment are coupled.

22 Flow Reversal Button

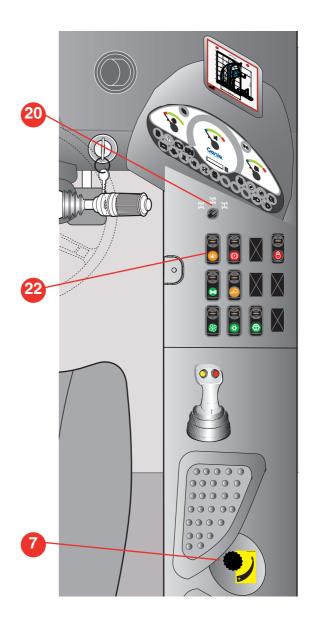
Pushbutton with orange glass cap, with three stable positions. Press this button to switch the hydraulic circuit feeding the attachments with auxiliary lines to one or another direction.



- 1 Continuous oil flow delivery to the used attachment.
- O Joystick flow control (refer to the function selection section of this manual for Joystick Flow Control instructions, page 34).
- 2 Continuous oil flow return to the used attachment.

7 Continuous Oil Flow Potentiometer

By turning the potentiometer clockwise, the flow rate in the circuit feeding the attachments' movement lines is increased.



Auxiliary drive controls

8 Hazard Warning Lights Switch (OPTIONAL)

Fitted with on-off position, it switches on the turn signals simultaneously. When the hazard warning light is lit, the relevant switch and the turn signals light start flashing.



Three-position switch:



- 0 Fan OFF
- 1 Low speed
- 2 High speed

27 A/C Switch (OPTIONAL)

Two-position switch:



- 0 A/C OFF
- 1 A/C ON

28 Windscreen Washer Switch (OPTIONAL) Two-position switch:



- 0 Washer OFF
- 1 Jet of water on the cab windscreen

29 Work Lights Switch (OPTIONAL)

Three-position switch:

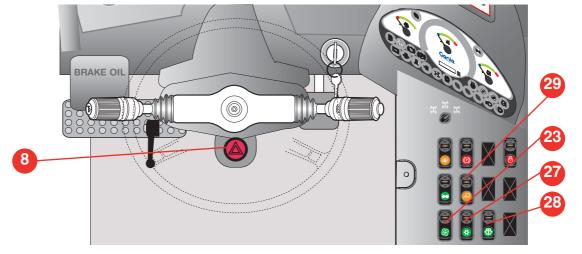


- 0 Lights OFF
- 1 Boom light ON
- 2 Cab and Boom ligths ON

12 Cab Heater Control Knob (OPTIONAL)

Located at the bottom of the driving seat base, it adjusts the flow of heated air in the cab.





■ Instruments

25 Engine coolant temperature indicator

This indicates the engine coolant temperature. If the finger is in the red zone and the warning light comes on, you must stop the machine and find and rectify the problem.

26 Hydraulic oil temperature indicator

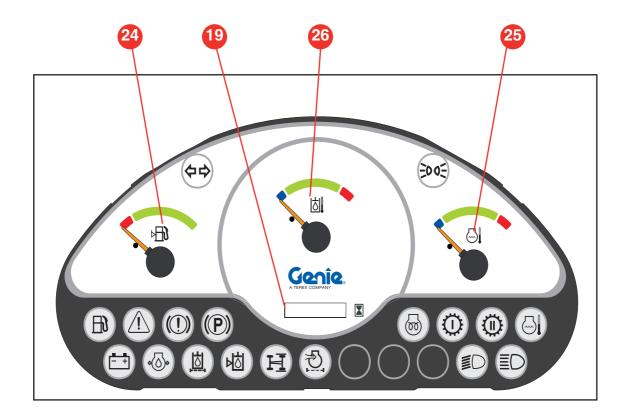
This indicates the temperature of the hydraulic oil in the tank. If the temperature rises above the permissible value or the red warning light comes on, you must stop the machine and find and rectify the problem.

24 Fuel gauge

This indicates the fuel level in the tank. If the fuel level is low (reserve), the relevant warning light comes on.

19 Hour-meter

Signals the total operating hours of the machine. Use the hour-meter to gauge the routine maintenance jobs.



■ Warning lights (ref. 11)

11.1 Warning light - low battery charge Signals a low charge by the alternator.

11.2 Warning light - low engine oil pressure

It lights when the engine oil pressure is too low

11.3 Warning light - air filter restricted

When this lamp come on, proceed with cleaning or changing the air filter cartridge.

11.4 Warning light - low brake pressure

It lights when the pressure of the brake circuit is too low for a correct functioning.

11.5 Warning light - parking brake engaged When ON, this light indicates that the parking brake

is engaged.

11.6 Warning light - high coolant temperature
This red light comes on to alert to a too high temperature of the cooling medium. Stop the engine

and find and rectify the problem. 11.7 Warning light - high beam

Blue warning light that signals when high beam is ON.

11.8 Warning light-hydraulic oil filter clogged

When this lamp sets to on, immediately change the oil filter on the return line to the tank.

11.9 Warning light - low hydraulic oil level

This light comes on to alert to a low level of the hydraulic oil for a correct functioning. Replenish and eliminate the oil leak.

11.10 General alarm warning light

This red light comes on to warn of a problem of the machine. Contact the TEREXLIFT Service Centre.

11.11 Warning light - low fuel level

If the fuel level is low (reserve), the relevant warning light comes on.

11.12 OPTIONAL Warning light - rear wheel aligned

When ON, this light indicates that the rear wheel are aligned.

11.13 Warning light - glow plugs preheating

This amber light indicates the pre-heating of the engine glow plugs. Before starting the engine wait for this light to go off. If the light fails to go off, a glow plug could be broken. The machine can be started normally without pre-heating up to a temperature of -12°C.

11.14 Warning light - low beam

Green warning light that signals when low beam is ON.

11.15 Not active



■ CONTROL LEVER

Handlers are equipped with a hydraulically driven servo-controlled lever.

The lever has two pushbuttons: one for coupling/releasing the attachments **3** and the other for pitching the attachment frame forwards/backwards **2**. Shifting the lever to one of the four directions (right/left, forwards/backwards) moves the boom up and down and the telescope out and in.

Seize the control lever correctly and move it gently.

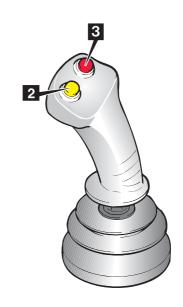
The motion speed of the actuators depends on the lever position: a small motion results in a slow motion of the actuators; vice versa, a full range motion of the lever corresponds to the max. speed of the actuator.



The control lever shall be operated only when correctly seated in the driving place.



Before operating the control lever, make sure that nobody is within the working range of the machine.

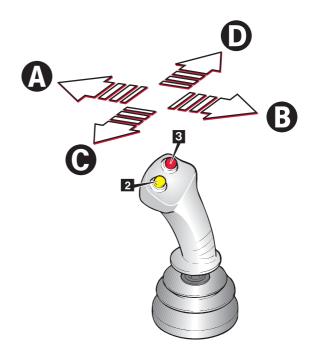


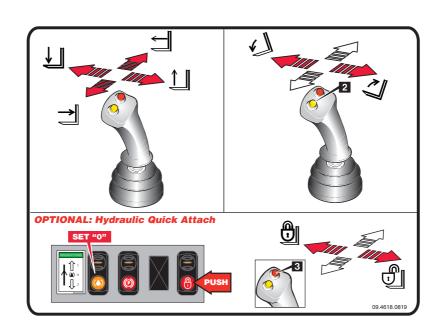


Function selection

The lever is enabled to carry out the following motions:

- Boom lowering/lifting shift the control lever to A or B
- Boom extraction/retraction shift the control lever to C or D
- Attachment back/forward tilting press button 2 and shift the control lever to A or B
- Hydraulic Quick Coupling/Release OPTIONAL
- I. set the Flow Reversal Button to "0" (central position)
- II. press button **3** together with the dashboard enabling button and shift the lever to **A** or **B**





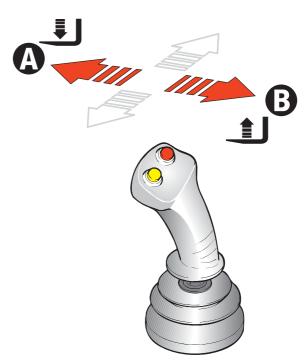
■ Lifting/lowering the boom

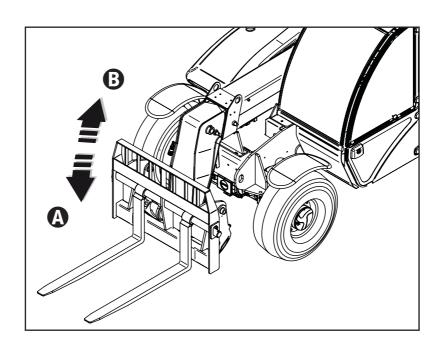
A DANGER

Before operating the boom, make sure that nobody is within the working range of the machine.

To lift or lower the boom:

• Smoothly shift the lever to position **B** to lift the boom or to position **A** to lower it.





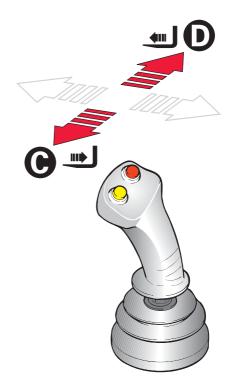
■ Extending/retracting the boom

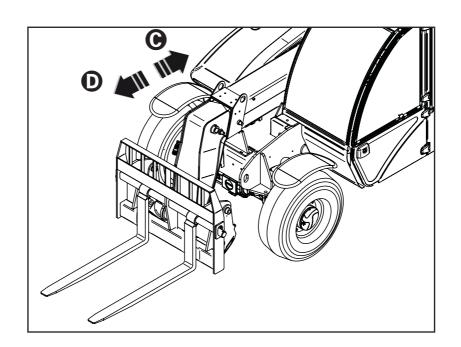
▲ DANGER

Before operating the boom, make sure that no body is within the working range of the machine.

To extend or retract the telescopic elements of the boom:

• Smoothly shift the lever to position **D** to extend the boom or to position **C** to retract it.





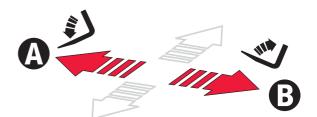
■ Pitching the attachment holding frame forward/back

A DANGER

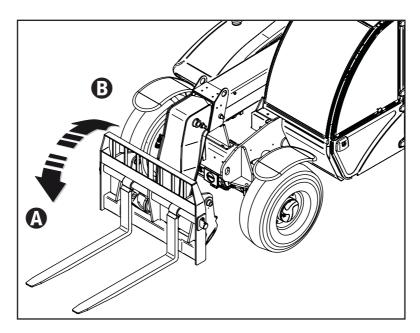
Before operating the boom, make sure that nobody is within the working range of the machine.

To tilt forward/back the attachment holding frame:

 Press button 2 and shift the lever to position A to tilt the frame forwards or to position B to tilt it backwards.







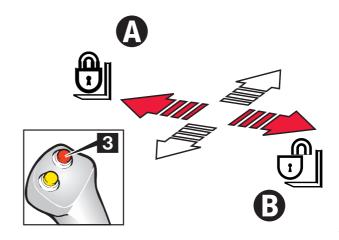
Hydraulic Quick Coupling/Release OPTIONAL

A DANGER

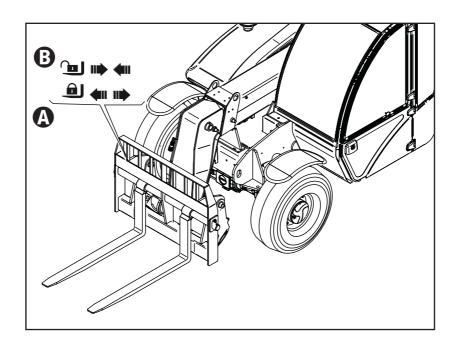
Before operating the boom, make sure that no body is within the working range of the machine.

To coupling or release the attachment:

- set the Flow Reversal Button to "0" (central position)
- press button 3 together with the dashboard enabling button and smoothly shift the lever to position A to coupling or to position B to release it.









Make sure:

- You learn and practice the principles of safe machine operation contained in this operator's manual.
 - Avoid hazardous situations.
 - 2 Always perform a pre-operation inspection.

Know and understand the pre-operation inspection before going on to the next section.

- 3 Always perform function tests prior to use.
- 4 Inspect the workplace.
- 5 Only use the machine as it was intended.

Pre-operation Inspection Fundamentals

It is the responsibility of the operator to perform a pre-operation inspection and routine maintenance.

The pre-operation inspection is a visual inspection performed by the operator prior to each work shift. The inspection is designed to discover if anything is apparently wrong with a machine before the operator performs the function tests.

The pre-operation inspection also serves to determine if routine maintenance procedures are required. Only routine maintenance items specified in this manual may be performed by the operator.

Refer to the list on the next page and check each of the items.

If damage or any unauthorized variation from factory delivered condition is discovered, the machine must be tagged and removed from service.

Repairs to the machine may only be made by a qualified service technician, according to the manufacturer's specifications. After repairs are completed, the operator must perform a pre-operation inspection again before going on to the function tests.

Scheduled maintenance inspections shall be performed by qualified service technicians, according to the manufacturer's specifications.

■ PRE-OPERATION INSPECTION

- Make sure the operator's manuals are intact, legible and placed inside the machine.
- Make sure all decals are present and legible. See "Labels and plates applied on the machine" chapter.
- Check for engine oil leaks and proper oil level. Top up if necessary. See "Maintenance" chapter.
- Check for axle oil leaks and proper oil level. Top up if necessary. See "Maintenance" chapter.
- Check for hydraulic oil leaks and proper oil level. Top up if necessary. See "Maintenance" chapter.
- Check for engine coolant leaks and proper coolant level. Add coolant if necessary. See "Maintenance" chapter.
- Check for battery fluid leaks and proper fluid level. Add distilled water if necessary. See "Maintenance" chapter.

Check the following components or zones for damage, missing or wrongly fitted parts or non-authorised modifications:

- electrical components, wiring and electrical cables
- hydraulic hoses, fittings, cylinders and main valves
- fuel and hydraulic oil tanks
- drive pump and motor and transmission axles
- steering system
- braking system
- boom telescopes sliding pads
- · clean glasses, lights and rear view mirrors
- engine and relevant components
- limit switches and horn
- lights
- machine ignition control
- nuts, bolts and other fasteners

Check the entire machine for:

- cracks on welds or structural components
- · dents or damage to the machine

- * Make sure that all structural and other critical components are present and the relevant fasteners and pins are fitted and properly tightened.
- * After inspection, check that all the compartment covers are in place and latched.



If even one single item is damaged or defective, do not start work. Stop the machine and repair the fault.

Checking the tyres

- * Check the correct inflation of the tyres; see par. "Tyre inflation" in the Maintenance section.
- * Make sure that the tyre plies are not cut or worn.



A tyre burst may result in serious injury; never use the machine if tyres are worn, wrongly inflated or damaged.



If the machine shall be used in a marine or equivalent environment, protect it against salt deposits with an adequate treatment against saltiness to prevent rust formation.

■ FUNCTION TESTS



The function tests are designed to discover any malfunctions before the machine is put into service. The operator must follow the step-by-step instructions to test all machine functions.

A malfunctioning machine must never be used. If malfunctions are discovered, the machine must be tagged and removed from service. Repairs to the machine may only be made by a qualified service technician, according to the manufacturer's specifications.

After repairs are completed, the operator must perform a pre-operation inspection and function tests again before putting the machine into service.

■ TESTS

- Select a test area that is firm, level and free of obstruction. Be sure there is no load on the forks or attachment.
- 2 Enter the operator's compartment and sit on the seat.
- 3 Fasten the seat belt.
- 4 Adjust the interior rear view mirror and the exterior right hand mirror, if required.
- 5 Be sure the parking brake is on and the transmission control is in neutral.
- 6 Start the engine. See Starting the Engine in the Operating Instructions section.

■ Test the Control Lever

- 7 Using the control lever, momentarily raise the boom, extend the boom, retract the boom and lower the boom.
- Result: All functions should operate smoothly.
- 8 Using the control lever and the yellow button, momentarily tilt the forks up and tilt the forks down.

Result: The function should operate smoothly.

■ Test the Steering

- 9 Push the right side of the steer selector switch to select four-wheel steer.
- 10 Check the steering operation by turning the steering wheel approximately ½ turn in each direction.
- Result: The front wheels should turn in the same direction as the steering wheel. The rear wheels should turn in the opposite direction.
- 11 Straighten the wheels.
- 12 Push the steer selector switch to the middle position to select two-wheel steer.
- 13 Check the steering operation by turning the steering wheel approximately ¼ turn in each direction.
- Result: The front wheels should turn in the same direction as the steering wheel. The rear wheels should not turn.
- 14 Straighten the wheels.
- 15 Push the left side of the steer selector switch to select crab steer.
- 16 Check the steering operation by turning the steering wheel approximately ¼ turn in each direction.
- Result: The front wheels and rear wheels should turn in the same direction as the steering wheel.

■ Test the Transmission and Brakes

- 17 Be sure the boom is fully lowered and retracted.
- 18 Step on the service brake pedal.
- 19 Move the transmission control lever to forward. Slowly let up on the service brake pedal. As soon as the machine starts to move, push the service brake pedal.
- Result: The machine should move forward, then come to an abrupt stop.
- 20 Move the transmission control lever to reverse. Slowly let up on the service brake pedal. As soon as the machine starts to move, push the service brake pedal.
- Result: The machine should move in reverse, then come to an abrupt stop. The back-up alarm should sound when the transmission control lever is in reverse.
- 21 Move the transmission control lever to neutral.
- 22 Push the top of the parking brake switch.
- Result: The red parking brake indicator light should come on, indicating the parking brake is on
- 23 Move the transmission control lever forward, then in reverse.
- Result: The machine should not move.
- 24 Push the bottom of the parking brake switch.

 The parking brake is off when the indicator light is off.

■ Test Auxilliary Hydraulics (if equipped with swing carriage)

- 25 Using the auxiliary hydraulics switch, momentarily rotate the carriage to the right and to the left.
- Result: The function should operate smoothly.

■ Test the Road Lights (optional)

26 Verify that all lights are functional.

■ WORKPLACE INSPECTION



The workplace inspection helps the operator determine if the workplace is suitable for safe machine operation. It should be performed by the operator prior to moving the machine to the workplace.

It is the operator's responsibility to read and remember the workplace hazards, then watch for and avoid them while moving, setting up and operating the machine

Be aware of and avoid the following hazardous situations:

- · drop-offs or holes
- bumps, floor obstructions or debris
- sloped surfaces
- · unstable or slippery surfaces
- overhead obstructions and high voltage conductors
- hazardous locations
- inadequate surface support to withstand all load forces imposed by the machine
- · wind and weather conditions
- the presence of unauthorized personnel
- · other possible unsafe conditions

This chapter describes some techniques and provides instructions for a safe use of the machine fitted with standard forks. Before using different attachments, thoroughly read the chapter "Optional attachments".



For a safe use of the machine, always check the weight of the loads going to be handled.



Before using the machine, inspect the job site and check for possible hazardous conditions. Make sure that there are no holes, moving banks or debris that may cause you to lose the control of the machine.



Pay the greatest attention when working close to electric lines. Check their position and ensure that no part of the machine operates at less than 6 meters from the power lines.

■ ENTERING THE MACHINE (only for closed cabin)

■ ENTERING THE CAB

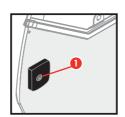


Always make sure that your hands and shoe soles are clean and dry before getting into the driving cab. Always face the machine when entering and leaving it and hold to the suitable handles.

The handler cab is equipped with an access door on the left-hand side.

Door opening from outside:

- Insert the key and release lock 1.
- Press the pushbutton 1 and open the door.

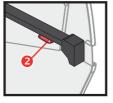


Door closing from inside:

Pull the door with force: it locks automatically.

Door opening from inside:

- Push lever 2 to open the door completely.
- Rotate handle 3 to open the upper section of the door and lock it against the special catch.



ACAUTION

The upper section of the door must be secured to the rear part of the driving cab or latched to the lower section of the same door.

To unlock the door latched in open position:

 Press button 4 to unlock the door from the catch



 Once released, re-close the upper section of the door by means of handle 3.

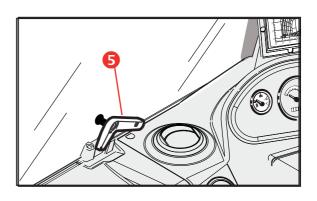


■ Leaving the cab in an emergency

In an emergency, the operator can use the front or the rear window as safety exit-ways.

The rear window has handles for partially opening the glass. Such handles are locked in position by some wing nuts which, if driven out, allow opening the glass completely.

The front window has one, **5**, handle which, if turned, enables the operator to pass through.



ADJUSTING THE SEAT

A correct adjustment of the seat ensures the operator a safe and comfortable driving. The handler seat is fitted with devices which allow for the adjustment of the springing, the height and the distance from the controls.

Seat distance from the controls

The seat is equipped with an adjusting device to slide the same seat forward or back with respect to the steering column.

To adjust the seat, pull lever **1** outwards and push the seat to the desired direction. Then release the lever and make sure that the seat locks in position.

Springing adjustment (optional)

Rotate lever **2** clockwise or anticlockwise according to the springing degree required. Rotate clockwise/ anticlockwise to increase/ reduce the seat springing. To reverse this control, pull out and rotate the lever knob by 180°.

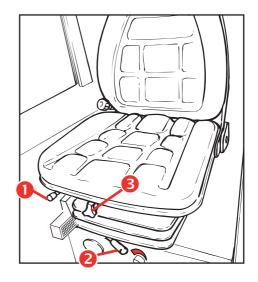
Height adjustment (optional)

Turn knob 3 clockwise to lift the seat; turn it counter-clockwise to lower the seat.

In some seats height can be adjusted to three different positions. Lift the seat until you hear the click signalling that the seat is locked in position. To lower the seat, raise to end of stroke to release the mechanism, then release the seat: it will return to the bottom position.

A DANGER

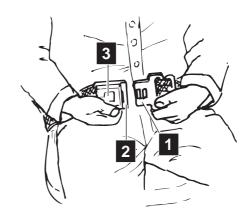
- The seat is for one person only.
- Don't adjust the seat when the machine is moving.



■ FASTENING THE SEAT BELTS

Sit correctly in the driving seat; then:

- The safety belts are equipped with reel retractor.
 To fasten the belt, pull tab 1 and push it into buckle
 2.
- To release the belt, push button 3 and remove the tab from the buckle.
- Make sure that the buckle is correctly located at the hip point and not on the stomach.
- Operate the end adjusters to reach the length you wish and make sure the buckle is always in the middle.



■ STEERING COLUMN ANGLE ADJUSTMENT

Both steering column and dashboard can be set to a different angle.

To adjust the steering wheel angle, unlock lever **3** and pull or push the steering wheel to the required position, then re-lock lever **3**.

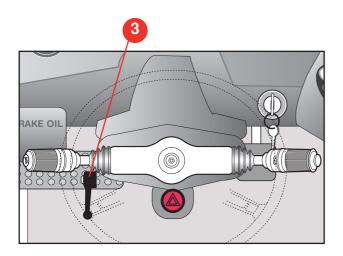


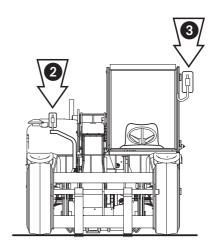
Before driving the machine, ensure the steering wheel is perfectly clamped.

■ ADJUSTING THE REAR VIEW MIRRORS

The machine is fitted with two rear view mirrors:

- The right rear view mirror 2 is located on a special supporting bracket in advanced position and allows checking the area behind the machine, on the right-hand side. To adjust its position, manually rotate the joint it is fitted with.
- The left rear view mirror 3 is placed on the left upper post of the windscreen and allows checking the area behind the machine, on the left- hand side. To adjust its position, manually rotate the joint it is fitted with.

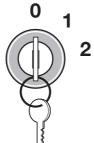




■ STARTING THE ENGINE

For the low temperature starting, see paragraph "Low Temperature Starting".

- Engage the parking brake.
- Put the forward/reverse speed selection lever to neutral.
- Step on the gas pedal.
- To start the engine, turn the ignition switch to position 2.
 Release the switch when the engine starts. If the engine does not start within 20 seconds, release the key and wait at least 2 minutes before attempting again.



- After the start-up, let the engine run at idle for some seconds before engaging a gear; this allows for a gradual warm up of the engine oil and a better lubrication.
- In case of engine jump-starting, remove the booster cables (see following paragraph).

ACAUTION

If the light indicators do not switch off/on when engine is running, immediately stop the machine and find and rectify the fault.



Engine cannot be started if the speed switch is not in the neutral position.

AWARNING

Once it has been started, the engine continues to run even if you leave the driving place. DO NOT LEAVE THE DRIVING PLACE BEFORE HAVING SHUTTHEENGINE DOWN, LOWERED THE BOOM TO THE GROUND, TURNED THE SPEED SWITCH TO THE NEUTRAL POSITION AND ENGAGED THE PARKING BRAKE.

Operating Instructions

■ JUMP-STARTING THE ENGINE

ACAUTION

Do not start the engine using a quick charge booster to avoid any damage to the electronic boards.

A DANGER

When jump-starting the engine through the battery of another machine, make sure that the two vehicles cannot collide to prevent formation of sparks. Batteries give off a flammable gas and sparks may burn it and cause an explosion Do not smoke when checking the electrolyte level.

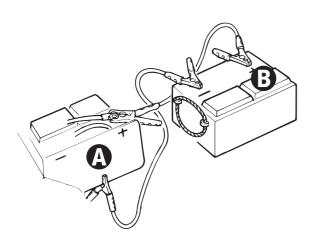
Keep any metal object like buckles, watch straps, etc. clear of the battery positive (+) terminal. These elements can short between the terminal and nearby metal work and the operator can get burned.

The booster supply must have the same rated voltage and output of the battery installed on the handler.

To jump-start the engine:

- Turn any users off by the special control levers.
- Put the gear lever to neutral and engage the parking brake.
- Ensure the machine battery A is connected to the frame earth, the terminals are well tightened and the electrolyte level is regular.

- Connect the two batteries as shown in the figure. Connect first the positive terminals of the two batteries, then the negative terminal of the booster supply B to the machine frame earth.
- If the booster supply is installed on a second vehicle, make sure that the latter does not touch the handler. To avoid damage to the electronic instruments of the machine, the engine of the machine where the booster supply is installed, must be stopped.



- · Turn the ignition key and start the handler.
- Disconnect the cables. Remove first the negative terminal from the frame earth, then from the booster supply. Disconnect the positive terminal from the machine battery, then from the booster supply.

A DANGER

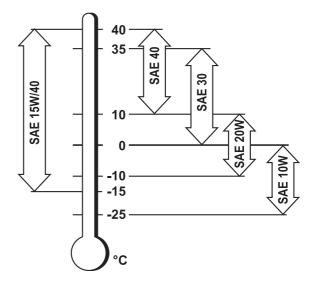
Use only a 12V battery; other devices like battery chargers, etc. may cause an explosion of the battery or result in damage to the electrical system.

■ LOW TEMPERATURE STARTING

In case of cold starting, use an oil with a SAE viscosity adequate to the ambient temperature.

Please refer to the engine use and maintenance manual.

The machine is supplied with oil SAE 15W/40.



To start the engine from cold, proceed as follows:

- Set the forward/back speed lever to neutral position.
- Turn the ignition switch to the glow plugs preheating position and wait until the relevant warning light 11.13 goes off. Step down on the gas pedal and start the engine by turning the ignition switch. Release the switch as soon as the engine fires.
- Let the engine run at idle for a few seconds before putting a gear; this allows for a gradual warm up of the engine oil and a better lubrication.

■ STARTING THE MACHINE

When the engine reaches the running temperature, ensure all parts are in transfer position and the gearbox lever is in neutral. Then, proceed as follows:

- Select the required steering mode.
- Select the required gear (forward or reverse).
- · Release the parking brake.
- Slowly step on the gas pedal to start moving off.



Do not operate the forward/reverse gear lever when the machine is running. The machine would reverse the running direction abruptly and you could seriously be injured.

Operating Instructions

■ STOPPING AND PARKING THE MACHINE

When possible, stop the machine on a dry, level and solid ground. Then:

- Bring the machine to a smooth stop by easing up the gas pedal and stepping down on the brake pedal.
- Set the forward/back speed lever to neutral position.
- Engage the parking brake and ensure its indicator light switches on.
- Release the service brake pedal.
- Rest the attachment coupled to the boom flat on the ground.
- Rotate the ignition key to "0" and remove the key.
- Leave the driving cab and lock the cab door.



Always face the machine when getting off the driving cab; make sure that your hands and shoe soles are clean and dry, and hold to the handholds to prevent falls or slips.



Always engage the parking brake after stopping the machine to prevent possible accidental motions of the vehicle.

■ USING THE LOAD CHARTS

The load charts 1 indicates the maximum permissible load in relation to the boom extension and the type of attachment used. To operate under safe conditions, always refer to these charts.

The extension level of the boom can be checked with the help of the letters (A, B, C, D, E) painted on the same boom (pos.3), while the actual degrees of inclination of the boom are shown by the angle indicator 2.

All the load charts are placed into a dedicated holder installed in the right side of the cabin, on the top of the dashbord. The tag 4 located at the top of each load chart represents the type of attachment used.

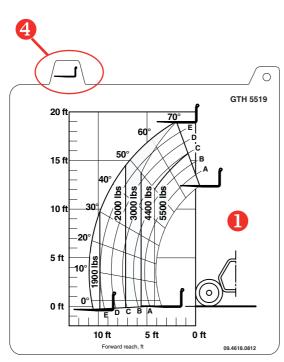


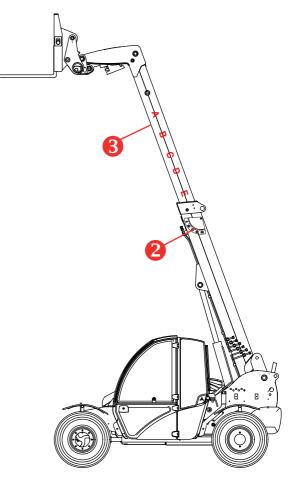
The load charts applied on the cab windscreen refer to a stationary machine standing on a solid and level ground.

Raise the load some centimetres and check its stability before raising it completely.



The load charts illustrated in this manual are given only as a mere example. To define the payload limits, refer to the load charts applied within the cab of your machine.





■ HANDLING LOADS

Adjusting the forks

With FEM forks (optional)

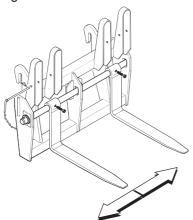
Forks shall be spaced to suit the load going to be handled. For this purpose:

- Lift the clamping lever of the forks.
- Slide the forks to the desired position, then re-lock the lever.

With floating forks

In the case of floating forks:

- Loosen the nut of the locking screws.
- Raise the forks and slide them on the pivot until correct spacing.
- Lock the screws retightening the nut.



A DANGER

- The centre of gravity of the load must always be halfway between the forks.
- Ensure you exactly know the weight of the load before handling it.
- When extending the boom, do not exceed the payload limit.
- Refer to the payload limits given in the load chart applied on the cab windscreen or in the quick user's guide.
- Space the forks as wide as possible to suit the load being handled.

■ WORKING PHASES

When forks are correctly spaced, the handler is ready to use.

Work can be subdivided into three different phases: loading, transfer and unloading.

Loading phase

- Approach the load to the handled perpendicularly and check that the machine is level on the inclinometer.
- Insert the forks under the load and raise the load some centimetres.
- Pitch the forks back to retract the load.

Transfer phase

- · Do not start or brake abruptly.
- Drive to the unloading point cautiously and keep the load 8÷12 in from the ground.
- Suit the machine speed to the ground conditions to avoid dangerous jumps, side skids of the vehicle and possible load falls.
- When driving on slopes or ramps, hold the load uphill.

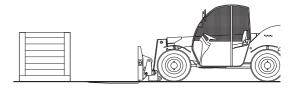


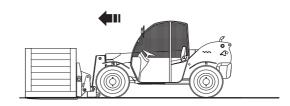
Do not drive on slopes sideways; this wrong manoeuvre is one of the main reasons for accidents due to vehicle overturning.

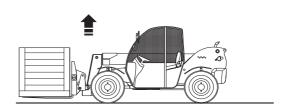
Unloading phase

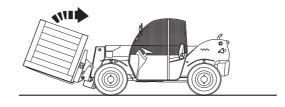
- Drive to the unloading point with straight wheels and bring the machine to a smooth stop leaving enough space to operate the boom.
- Put the parking brake and set the transmission to neutral.
- Position the load some centimetres above the desired position and set the forks level.
- Lower the load and make sure it is level.

- Carefully withdraw the forks by operating the boom retraction control and, if necessary, raise or lower the boom as forks come out.
- When the forks are clear of the load, set them to transfer position.
- Release the parking brake and start a new working cycle.









■ CHANGING THE ATTACHMENT

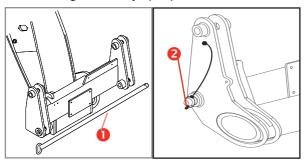
ACAUTION

Use only attachments directly manufactured or recommended by Terexlift and detailed in the "Optional attachments" section.

Version with MECHANICAL LOCKING

To change an attachment, operate as follows:

- Drive to the place where you will release the mounted attachment (when possible, a solid and sheltered site).
- Disconnect the quick connectors of the attachment (if any).
- Pull out pin 1 locking the attachment after removing the safety split-pin 2 at its end.

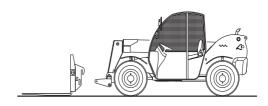


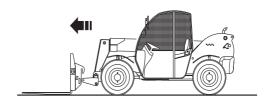
- · Rest the attachment flat on the ground.
- Pitch the attachment holding frame forward and lower the boom to release the attachment upper lock.
- Move back with the machine and drive to the new attachment to be coupled.
- Hold the frame pitched forward and hook the upper lock of the new attachment.
- Retract and raise the attachment some centimetres. It will centre automatically on the quick coupling frame.
- Refit pin 1 fixing it with its safety split-pin 2.
- Re-couple the connectors of the attachment (if any).

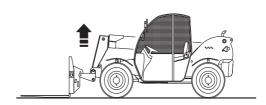
Operating Instructions

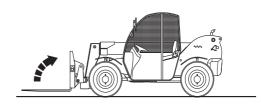


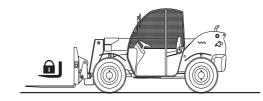
After substitution, visually check the attachment is correctly coupled to the boom, before operating the machine. A wrongly coupled attachment may result in damage to persons or things.







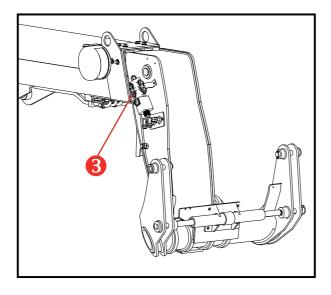




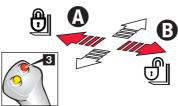
Version with HYDRAULIC LOCKING (OPTIONAL)

To change an attachment, operate as follows:

- Drive to the place where you will release the mounted attachment (when possible, a solid and sheltered site).
- Disconnect the quick connectors of the attachment (if any) from the couplings **3**.







- Free the attachment pressing joystick button 3 together with the dashboard enabling button and smoothly shift the lever to position B.
- Pitch the attachment holding frame forward and lower the boom to release the attachment upper lock.
- Move back with the machine and drive to the new attachment to be coupled.
- Hold the frame pitched forward and hook the upper lock of the new attachment.
- Retract and raise the attachment some centimetres. It will centre automatically on the quick coupling frame.
- Coupling the attachment pressing joystick button
 3 together with the dashboard enabling button
 and smoothly shift the lever to position A.
- Re-couple the connectors of the attachment (if any).
- Rest the attachment flat on the ground.
- Set the Flow Reversal Button to "0" (central position), as shown in the following draft.

■ MOVING A DISABLED MACHINE

Tow the machine only when no alternative is possible, since this operation may result in serious damage to the transmission. When possible, repair the machine on site.

When the machine shall absolutely be towed:

- Unlock the parking brake.
- Tow the machine for short distances and at a low speed only (less than 3 mi/h).
- · Use a rigid drawbar.
- Select the two-wheel steer.
- Set the forward/back speed lever to neutral position.
- · Raise the front wheels of the machine.
- When possible, start the engine and use the hydraulic drive and the braking system.

Transporting The Machine

■ ROAD OR SITE TRANSFER

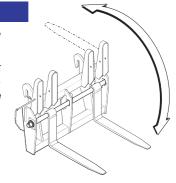
When travelling on public roads, strictly obey the local or national road traffic regulations.

Besides, take into account the following general precautions:

- Align the rear wheels.
- Cover the teeth of the conventional forks with the special guard; or withdraw the floating forks.

NOTICE

With the floating forks pitched back, do not move the fork pitching cylinder as the machine could suffer from damage.



- Retract boom and attachment to transfer position.
- The transfer speed of the vehicle will depend on the engine rpm and the position of the control lever.

NOTICE

Public road circulation is allowed only for transferring an unloaded machine.

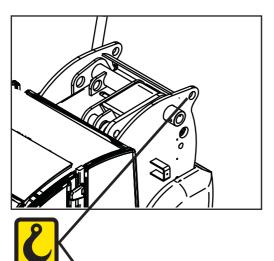
Do not use the machine to tow trailers.

Transporting The Machine

■ LIFTING THE MACHINE

When the machine shall be lifted, use only means having a suitable capacity. The characteristic data are detailed in the relevant chapter of this manual and on the identification plate.

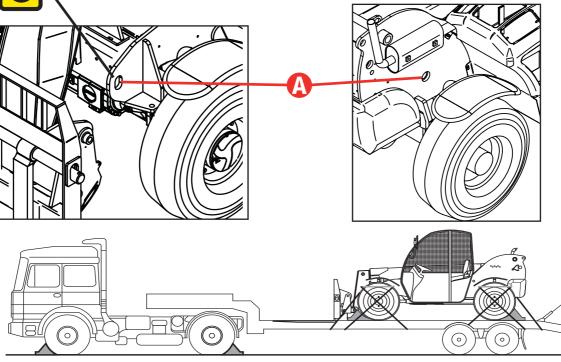
For the machine lifting, anchor the chains to the special lugs on the machine (marked with the decal below).



■ TRANSPORTING THE MACHINE ON OTHER VEHICLES

To transport the machine on another vehicle, follow the steps below:

- Ensure ramps are correctly positioned.
- Retract the boom to transfer position.
- Carefully drive the machine onto the transporting vehicle.
- Put the parking brake and rest the attachment flat on the vehicle platform.
- Ensure the overall dimensions do not exceed the allowed limits.
- Shut the engine down and close the driving cab of the machine.
- Secure the machine to the vehicle platform by wheel-chocks.
- Anchor the machine to the transporter's platform by fixing the chains to the special eyebolts A on the chassis.



Transporting The Machine

PARKING AND STORAGE

Short inactivity

Always park the machine in a safe way after a working day, a shift and at night.

Take all precautions to prevent damage to those persons who will approach the machine while stationary:

- Park the machine so that it does not hinder other operations.
- Lower the boom fitted with attachment on the ground.
- Disengage the transmission and put the parking brake.
- Remove the key from the ignition switch and lock the cab door.



Leaving a battery connected can result in shorts and, as a consequence, in a fire.

■ Machine storage

In case of extended inactivity of the machine, follow the above precautions. Additionally:

- Wash the machine thoroughly. For a better cleaning, remove grills and protection casings.
- Carefully dry all machine parts by blowing some compressed air.
- Lubricate the machine thoroughly.
- Do a walk-around inspection and replace any worn or damaged part.
- Re-paint any worn or damaged part.
- Remove the battery, smear its terminals with vaseline and store it in a dry place. Battery can be used for other purposes. Otherwise, periodically check its charge level.
- Refuel the tank to prevent internal oxidation.
- Store the machine in a sheltered and wellventilated place.
- Start the engine for about 10 minutes at least once a month.
- When weather is particularly cold, empty the radiator.

NOTICE

Always remember that the ordinary maintenance must be carried out even during the machine inactivity. Pay particular attention to the fluid levels and to those parts subject to ageing. Before re-starting the machine, carry out an extraordinary maintenance and carefully check all mechanical, hydraulic and electrical components.

Transporting The Machine

■ CLEANING AND WASHING THE MACHINE

Clean the machine in accordance with the following instructions:

- Remove any oil or grease traces with a dry solvent or a volatile mineral alcohol
- Before assembling a new part, remove any protection product (rust-preventer, grease, wax etc.).
- Remove any trace of rust from metal parts with some emery cloth before smearing the part with a protection product (rust-preventer, paint, oil etc.).



Do not use water at high pressure for washing the machine and especially the main valve, the solenoid valves and electrical parts.

External washing

Before washing the machine, check that the engine is shut down and the doors and windows are closed. Do not, at any times, use fuel to clean the machine. Use water or some steam. In cold climates, dry the locks after washing or smear them with an antifreeze.

Before using the machine again, check its conditions.

Internal washing

Wash the machine interior with some water and a sponge. Do not use water at high pressure. After washing, dry with a clean cloth.

Washing the engine

Before washing the engine, protect the air intake filter to prevent water from entering the circuit.



If the machine shall be used in a marine or equivalent environment, protect it against salt deposits with an adequate treatment against saltiness to prevent rust formation.

■ MACHINE DISPOSAL



At the end of the machine life, call in a specialised firm to dispose of it in compliance with the local or national regulations.

Battery disposal



Used lead-acid batteries cannot be disposed of as normal industrial solid wastes. Because of the presence of harmful substances, they must be collected, eliminated and/or recycled in accordance with the laws of the UE.

Used batteries must be kept in a dry and confined place. Make sure the battery is dry and the cell plugs are tight. Place a sign on the battery to warn of not using it. If before disposal the battery is left in the open air, it will be necessary to dry, smear the box and the elements with a coat of grease and tighten the plugs. Do not rest the battery on the ground; it is always advisable to rest it on a pallet and cover it. The disposal of batteries shall be as rapid as possible.

Observe and obey:

- * The operator can only perform the routine maintenance operations envisaged in this manual.
- * Scheduled maintenance procedures shall be completed by qualified technical personnel according to the manufacturer's specifications.



Maintenance symbol legend:

The following symbols are used in this manual to help you understand better the instructions provided. When one or more symbols appear at the beginning of a maintenance procedure, they indicate the following:



Indicates that tools are required to perform the procedure.



Indicates that new parts are required to perform the procedure.



Indicates that a cold engine is required to perform the procedure.



Indicates the time interval for the maintenance jobs expressed in working hours.

INTRODUCTION

A thorough and regular maintenance keeps the machine in a safe and efficient working condition.

For this reason, it is advisable to wash, grease and service the machine properly, especially after having worked under particular conditions (muddy or dusty environments, heavy operations, etc.).

Always ensure all machine components are in good condition. Check for oil leaks or loosening of guards, and make sure that the safety devices are efficient. In case of defects, find and rectify them before using the machine again.

Not respecting the ordinary maintenance schedule of this manual automatically voids TEREXLIFT warranty.

NOTICE

For the engine maintenance, please refer to the specific Operator handbook supplied with the machine.

LUBRICANTS - HEALTH AND SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Health

A prolonged skin contact with oil can cause irritation. Use rubber gloves and protective goggles. After handling oil, carefully wash your hands with soap and water.

Storage

Always keep lubricants in a closed place, out of the children's reach. Never store lubricants on the open air and without a label indicating their contents.

Disposal

New or exhausted oil is always polluting! Never drain oil on the ground. Store new oil in a suitable warehouse. Pour exhausted oil into cans and deliver them to specialised firms for disposal.

Oil leaks

In case of accidental oil leaks, cover with sand or type-approved granulate. Then scrape off and dispose of it as chemical waste.

First aid

Eyes : In case of accidental contact with

the eyes, wash with fresh water. If the irritation persists, seek medical

advice.

Intake : In case of oil intake, do not induce

vomiting, but seek medical advice.

Skin : In case of a prolonged contact, wash

with soap and water.

Fire

In case of fire, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam extinguishers. Do not use water.

Genie.

ORDINARY MAINTENANCE

A wrong or neglected maintenance can result in possible risks for both operator and bystanders. Make sure maintenance and lubrication are carried out according to the manufacturer's instructions to keep the machine safe and efficient.

The maintenance interventions are based on the machine working hours. Regularly check the hourmeter and keep it in good conditions to define the maintenance intervals correctly. Make sure any defect detected during the maintenance is promptly rectified before using the machine.



All "▲" marked operations must be carried out by a skilled technician.

During the first 10 working hours

- 1. Check the oil level within reduction gears, power divider and differential gears
- Regularly check the tightening of the wheel bolts
- 3. Check the tightening of all bolts and nuts
- 4. Check the couplings for oil leaks

Every 10 working hours or daily

- 1. Check the engine oil level
- 2. Clean the air suction filter
- **3.** Clean the radiator, if necessary
- 4. Check the hydraulic oil level in the tank
- 5. Check the greasing of the boom section pads
- 6. Grease the attachment holding frame
- 7. Grease all joints of the boom, the rear axle shaft joint, the transmission shafts, the front and rear axles and any equipment of the machine
- **8.** Check the efficiency of the lighting electric system
- **9.** Check the efficiency of braking system and parking brake
- **10.** Check the efficiency of the steering selection system
- **11.** Check the efficiency of the fork balancing system.

Every 50 working hours or weekly

Jobs to be done in addition to those above

- 1. Check the tension of the alternator belt.
- 2. Check the tyre inflation.
- 3. Check the tightening of the wheel nuts.
- 4. Check the tightening of the Cardan shaft screws.

Every 250 working hours or monthly

Jobs to be done in addition to those above

- 1. Change the engine oil and relevant filter
- **2.** Check the oil level in the front and rear differential gears and the reducer
- **3.** Check the oil level in the four wheel reduction gears
- **4.** Check the condition of the canister of the engine air filter; renew the canister if necessary
- **5.** Check the clamping of the cableheads to the battery terminals
- Check the air suction hose between engine and filter
- 7. Check the cylinder chromium-plated rods
- **8.** Check the hydraulic lines are not worn because of rubbing against the frame or other mechanical components
- **9.** Check the electric cables do not rub against the frame or other mechanical components
- **10.** ▲ Check the wear of the sliding pads of the boom sections.
- **11.** ▲Adjust the play of the sliding pads of the boom sections.
- **12.** Remove any grease from the boom, then regrease the sliding parts of the boom sections.
- 13. Check the level of the battery electrolyte.

Every 3 working months

Jobs to be done in addition to those above

1. Check the efficiency of the block valves.

Every 500 working hours or every six months

Jobs to be done in addition to those above

- **1.** Visually check the smoke quantity evacuated from the engine exhaust.
- Check the tightening of the engine fixing screws.
- **3.** Check the tightening of the cab fixing screws.
- **4.** Check the backlash between pins and bushings in all joints.
- **5.** Change the hydraulic oil filter in the tank.
- **6.** Have the hydraulic system checked by a skilled technician.
- **7.** Change the main cartridge of the engine air filter.
- **8.** Change the hydraulic oil filter of the transmission
- **9.** Clean or replace, if necessary, the air filter in the cab.

Every 500 working hours or yearly

Jobs to be done in addition to those above

1. Change the engine oil and renew the fuel filter.

Every 1000 working hours or yearly

Jobs to be done in addition to those above

- **1.** Change the oil in the front and rear differential units and in the power divider
- **2.** Change the oil in the four wheel reduction gears.
- 3. Change the hydraulic oil.

■ OIL CHANGE SCHEDULE

	Job	Operating hours *	Service interval *	Oil type
Engine	Oil level check	10	daily	SHELL RIMULA 15W-40 (API CH-4/CG-4/CF-4/CF; ACEA E3; MB228.3)
	First change	500	-	
	Subsequent changes	500	yearly	
Axles and power divider	Oil level check	250	monthly	FUCHS TITAN GEAR LS 85
	First change	-	-	W-90 API GL-5 LS / GL-5
	Subsequent changes	1000	yearly	
Hydraulic oil	Oil level check	10	daily	SHELL TELLUS T 46
	First change	-	-	DENISON HF-1, DIN 51524 part 2 & 3
	Subsequent changes	1000	yearly	

^{*} whichever occurs first.

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Maintenance

MAINTENANCE INTERVENTIONS

AWARNING

All maintenance interventions must be carried out with engine stopped, parking brake engaged, working attachments flat on the ground and gear lever in neutral.



When raising a component for maintenance purposes, secure it in a safe way before any maintenance intervention.

AWARNING

Any intervention on the hydraulic circuit must be carried out by skilled personnel.

The hydraulic circuit of this machine is fitted with pressure accumulators. You and others could be seriously injured if accumulators are not completely depressurised.

For this purpose, shut the engine down and step on the brake pedal 8:10 times.

WARNING

Before any operation on hydraulic lines or components, make sure there is no residual pressure. For this purpose, stop the engine, engage the parking brake and operate the control levers of the main valve in both working directions (alternately) to depressurise the hydraulic circuit.

ACAUTION

High pressure lines must be replaced by qualified personnel only.

Any foreign matters entering the closed circuit may result in a sudden deterioration of the transmission.

ACAUTION

The qualified staff charged with the maintenance of the hydraulic circuit must clean all areas around with care before any intervention.



The handling and disposing of used oils can be ruled by local or national regulations. Address to authorised centres.

■ ACCESS TO THE ENGINE COMPARTMENT

For any operation within the engine compartment, open the protection bonnet.

Hood is equipped with lock & key and a supporting rod that holds it in position.

From the engine compartment, you get access to:

- Thermal engine A
- Engine air filter B
- · Radiator fluid compensation cup C
- Battery D

To get access to the engine compartment:

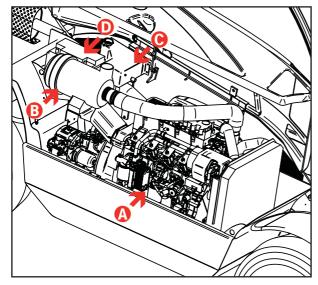
- Shut the engine down and put the parking brake.
- Unlock and raise the hatch with handle.



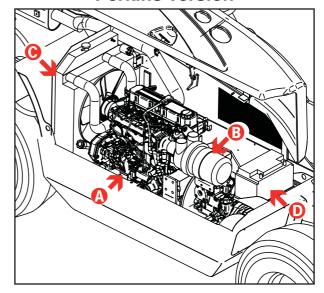
Take all precautions when approaching the engine compartment. Some parts of the engine may be very hot. Always use protective gloves.



Deutz version



Perkins version



■ ENGINE AIR FILTER



Clean the engine air filter and replace the elements, when necessary.

- 1 Cleaning and changing the outer element:
 - Shut the engine down and engage the parking brake.
 - Unlatch the fasteners A and remove cover B
 - Pull out the filter cartridge C.
 - Clean the filter bowl.
 - Dry clean the cartridge (at max. 6 bar pressure) and direct the air jet from inside to outside.
 - Check the filter element for cracks by introducing a lamp inside.
 - Refit the cartridge and make sure it is properly positioned.
 - Close cover B and lock in place with fasteners
 A.

ACAUTION

As soon as the warning lamp 11.3 on the cab dashboard switches on, replace the outer element.

Never wash the cartridge with water or solvents.

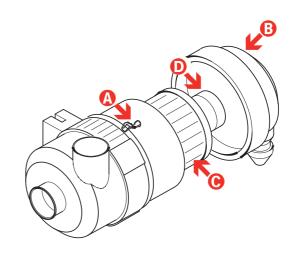
2 Changing the internal element

- See step 1 for removing the outer element.
- Extract the internal cartridge D.
- Clean the filter bowl.
- Mount the new element and make sure it is correctly positioned.
- Fit the main filter and the cap as described in point 1.



The inner element should be replaced every two times the outer element is replaced.

Never wash the cartridge with water or solvents.



SERVICE INTERVAL					
Running-in	None				
Cleaning	Every 10 hours				
Outer element change	Every 500 hours				
Inner element change	Every 1000 hours				

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■ ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM





A DANGER

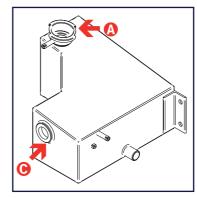
When the coolant is hot, the cooling system is under pressure. With warm engine, loosen the radiator plug slowly and carefully, without removing it, to drain the pressure. Use protection gloves and keep your face at a safe distance.

- Weekly check the coolant level through the level window C, before starting working (when fluid is cold).
- When necessary, add clean water or an antifreeze mixture through cap **A**.
- Change the antifreeze mixture every two years.
 To drain the antifreeze:
 - Let the engine cool down
 - Unscrew the plug B at the bottom of the radiator or disconnect the rubber hose, if no plug is present. Allow the coolant to flow out into a special container.
 - Refit the hose and pour new antifreeze (50% water-antifreeze). This proportion will provide protection up to -37°F.
- Daily clean the radiator grille using a brush with hard bristles or compressed air at a max pressure of 6 bar.



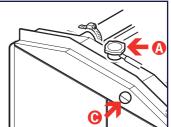


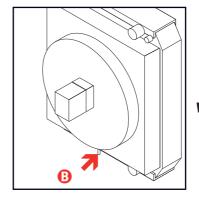




Deutz version







Both versions

On delivery, the machine is filled with a cooling mixture consisting of 50% water and 50% anti-freeze.

TEREX PRO COOL Protection against boiling / freezing				
Product %	Freezing point	Boiling point		
33	1.5°F	253°F		
40	-11°F	259°F		
50	-33°F	262°F		
70	-88°F	275°F		

■ CHECKING THE OIL LEVEL IN THE TANK

A DANGER

Fine jets of hydraulic oil under pressure can penetrate the skin. Do not use your fingers, but a piece of cardboard to detect oil leaks.

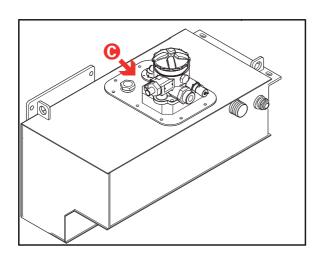
Visually check the hydraulic oil level through level **A** located on the reservoir and visible through the slot on the right side of the chassis.

When necessary, add new oil through filler B.





The handling and disposing of used oils can be ruled by local or national regulations. Address to authorised centres.



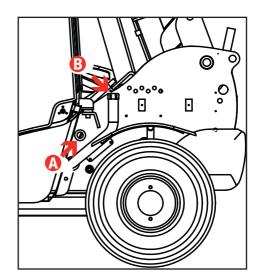
■ CHANGING THE HYDRAULIC OIL



To change the hydraulic oil, proceed as follows:

- 1 Stop the machine on a level ground and make sure the parking brake is engaged.
- 2 Release the pressure from the hydraulic circuit.
- 3 Place a container of suitable size under the drain plug, placed in the lower part of the reservoir, and collect any oil leaks.
- 4 Remove the drain plug and allow oil to flow out into the container.
- 5 Remove the inspection cover of tank C.
- **6** Carefully wash the tank with Diesel oil and blow a jet of compressed air.
- **7** Refit the drain plug and the inspection cover.
- **8** Add new oil by making sure that it matches the recommended type until it is level with **A**.





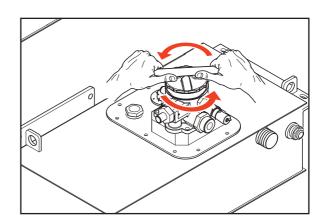
■ CHANGING THE OIL FILTER CARTRIDGE





To change the hydraulic oil filter element, proceed as follows:

- 1 Stop the machine on a level ground and engage the parking brake.
- 2 Place a container of suitable size under the filter to collect any oil leaks.
- 3 Remove the filter cover to get access to the filter element A.
- 4 Change the filter element, then, before fitting a new one, thoroughly clean and grease both seat and gasket.
- 5 Refit and tighten the filter cover.



ACAUTION

The hydraulic oil filter cartridge shall be replaced as soon as the clogging indicator light on the control board comes on (see par. Controls and instruments).



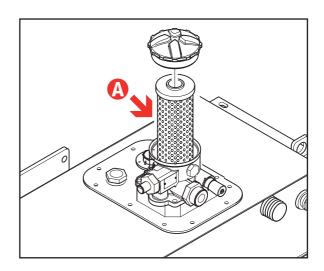
Hydraulic oil filter canisters cannot be cleaned or washed and refitted.

They must be replaced with new ones of the type recommended by the manufacturer.



The handling and disposing of used oils may be ruled by local or national regulations. Address to authorised centres.





■ CAB AIR FILTER (ONLY FOR CLOSED CABIN)



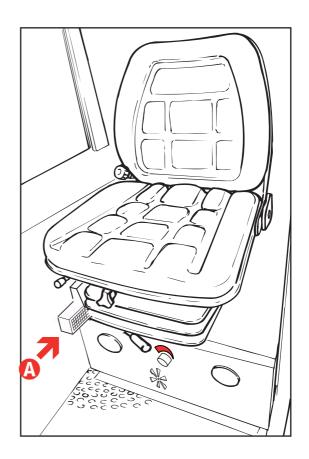
Every six months clean the air filter in the cab. Replace the cartridge if the filtering cloth is damged.

1 Cleaning and changing the cartridge:

- Shut the engine down and engage the parking brake
- Pull filter **A** out of the housing accessible from the inside of the cab.
- Clean the filter bowl.
- Clean the filter cartridge by beating it against a piece of wood. Replace the cartridge if damaged.



Paper filters must never be cleaned using compressed air or washed with water and/or solvents.



■ OIL LEVEL IN THE DIFFERENTIAL GEARS

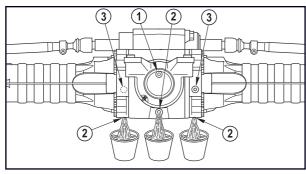
To check the oil level in the front and rear differential gears:

- Stop the machine on a level ground and engage the parking brake.
- Loosen level plug ③ and check if oil is level with the hole.
- If necessary, top-up through hole ① until oil comes out from hole ③.
- Refit and tighten plugs ③ and ①.

To change the oil:

- Place a container of suitable size under drain plug ②.
- Loosen the drain plug, the level plug ③ and the filler ① and allow oil to flow out from the reduction gear.
- Refit and tighten drain plug 2.
- Add new oil through the filler until it is level with hole ①.
- Refit and tighten plugs 3 and 1.

Filling plugDrain plugLevel plug





OIL LEVEL IN THE (front/rear) WHEEL REDUCTION GEARS

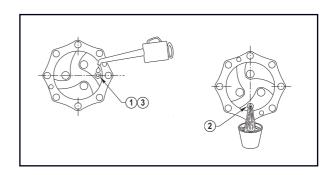


To check the oil level within the wheel reduction gears:

- Stop the machine on a level ground and ensure the parking brake is engaged and plug finds on the horizontal axis.
- Clean the plug all around, then remove it and check if oil is level with the hole.
- If necessary, add new oil through hole until it is level.
- · Refit the plug.

To change the oil:

- Stop the machine and ensure the plug is oriented along the vertical axis.
- Place a container of suitable size under the reduction gear plug.
- Unscrew plug and drain any oil from the reduction gear
- Rotate the wheel by 90° until the plug finds again on the horizontal axis.
- Add new oil through hole ①.
- · Refit and tighten plug.





OIL LEVEL IN THE POWER DIVIDER GEARBOX

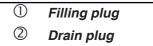


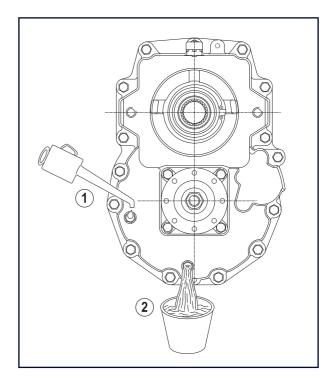
To check the oil level in the power diver gearbox:

- Stop the machine on a level ground and make sure the parking brake is engaged.
- Clean level plug ① all around.
- Remove the plug and check if oil is level with the hole.
- When necessary, add new oil through plug ① until it is level with the hole.
- · Refit and tighten the plug.

To change the oil:

- Place a container of suitable size under the drain plug.
- Remove the plug ①.
- Remove the drain plug ② and empty the power divider gearbox.
- Refit and tighten the drain plug ②.
- Pour in new oil through the filler ① placed at the top of the reduction gear of the power divider.
 Stop when oil is level with hole ①.
- Refit and tighten plug ①.







■ GREASING

ACAUTION

Before injecting grease into the greasers, thoroughly clean them to avoid that mud, dust or other matters can mix with the lubricant and reduce or annihilate the lubrication effect.

Remove any old grease with a degreaser from the telescopes before smearing them with new grease.

Regularly grease the machine to grant it efficient conditions and a long life.

By means of a pump, inject grease into the special greasers.

As the fresh grease comes out, stop the operation. The greasing points are shown in the following figures:

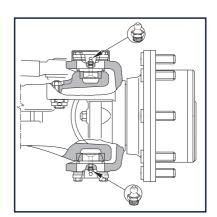
- the symbol represents the points to be greased by a pump
- the symbol represents the points to be greased by a brush.

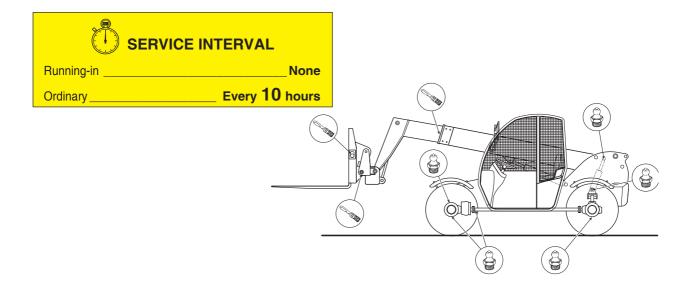
ACAUTION

Use only PTFE INTERFLON FIN GREASE LS 2 to lubricate the sliding parts of the telescopic section. Observe the following schedule:

- After the first 50 operating hours (1 week)
- After the first 250 operating hours (1 month)
- Every 1000 operating hours (6 months)

Remove any old grease from the boom and smear the sliding area of the blocks with a thin coat of grease.





■ TYRES AND WHEELS





Over-inflated tyres can burst.



Overheated can burst. Do not weld the wheel rims. For any repair work, call in a qualified technician.

Always use tyres having the dimensions indicated in the vehicle registration card.



OKAY WRONG

For the tyre inflation or substitution, please refer to the table below:

	GTH 5519
Dimensions (front and rear)	12-16.5
P.R. (or load index)	10 pr
Rim	9.75x16.5
Wheel disc	8 holes DIN 70361
Pressure bar/Psi	4.5/65

On new machines, and when a wheel has been disassembled or replaced, check the nut torque of the wheels every 2 hours until they stay correct.

Torque: 295 lbs/ft.

BRAKES

For any intervention on the braking system (adjustment and/or substitution of the brake discs) address to the TEREXLIFT Technical Assistance Service or the nearest TEREXLIFT authorised workshop.

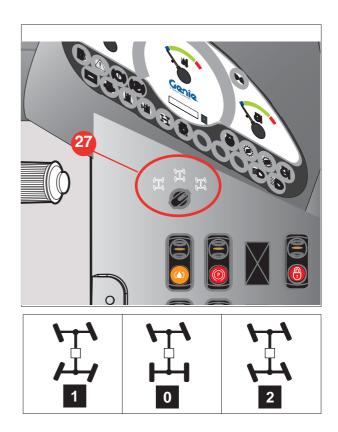
SHAFTING ALIGNMENT

During operation, the alignment of the front and rear axles of the machine can be subject to variations. This can depend on an oil blow-by from the steering control circuit, or on a steering of both axles when front and rear wheels are not perfectly aligned.

To fix this problem, rather than checking the alignment visually, follow the procedure below:

- 1) Move to a solid and level ground
- 2) Set the steering selection switch 27 to "four-wheel steer" (pos. 1)
- 3) Rotate the steering up to its stop (either to the right or to the left)
- **4)** Set the steering selection switch to "two-wheel steer" (pos. **0**)
- 5) Rotate the steering up to its stop (turn in the same direction as above)
- 6) Reset the steering selection switch to "four-wheel steer" (pos. 1)
- 7) Rotate the steering (to the side opposite to point3) so that the rear axle reaches its stop
- 8) Reset the steering selection switch to "two-wheel steer" (pos. 0)
- 9) Rotate the steering (to the same side as in point7) so that the front axle reaches its stop
- Reset the steering selection switch to "fourwheel steer" (pos. 1)

Now the wheels should be re-aligned.





ADJUSTING THE SLIDING PADS OF THE BOOM SECTIONS





Any boom section is fitted with adjustable pads located on the four sides of the profile. These pads are secured to both fixed and mobile part of every section.

All pads can be adjusted by the special shims supplied by TEREXLIFT upon demand.

Adjusting the pads:

- Remove or loosen the screws fixing the pads in relation to type of shims used (with or without slots).
- · Fit the necessary amount of shims.
- If the residual thickness of the pad is insufficient or near the maximum wearing limit, renew the pad.
- Tighten the screws fixing the pads at the recommended torque (see below). Use a dynamometric wrench.

Tightening torques of the pad screws in relation to the screw diameter

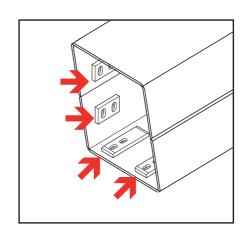
Screws M10	ldf-ft 22	
Screws M14	ldf-ft 37	

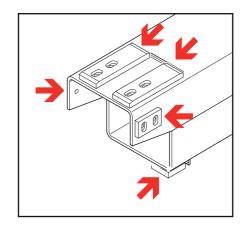
Tightening torques higher than those recommended can cause the break of the pad or of the locking threaded bush.

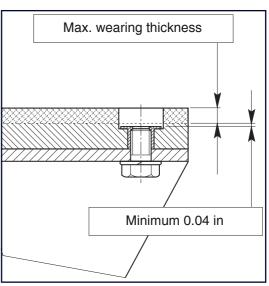


Pads must compulsorily be replaced if the residual thickness of the plastic layer with respect to the iron bush fixing the block is equal or inferior to 1 mm.







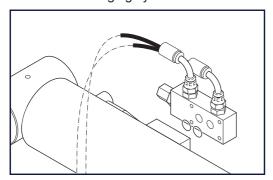


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■ BLOCK VALVES fitted to all CYLINDERS

All machine's cylinders are equipped with block valves:

- · Compensation cylinder
- · Lifting cylinder
- · Telescopic boom extension cylinder
- · Attachment swinging cylinder



■ Checking the block valves (every 3 months)

The piloted blocking valves allow to held the load in position in case of burst of a flexible hose.

To check the efficiency of a valve, proceed as follows:

- Load a weight near the maximum payload onto the boom.
- Raise the load some centimetres above the ground (max 4 in). To check the valve on the telescope extension cylinder move the boom to maximum height and extend it some centimetres.
- Loosen the oil hoses to the cylinder of which you are checking the valve with caution.
- To check the efficiency of the block valves of the outriggers, lower them to the ground and unload the weight of the tyres without raising them. Loosen the cylinder hoses to check the efficiency of the valve.

During the check, the oil will flow out of the hoses and the load shall remain blocked in position. Should that not be the case, the valve must be replaced. Contact TEREXLIFT Technical Service.

■ To remove the block valves or the cylinders

- Lower the boom to the ground in a firm way since the removal of the block valve or the cylinder can cause an uncontrolled down-movement.
- After refitting the valve or the cylinder, replenish the circuit and eliminate any air before starting working. To eliminate the air from the circuit, move the involved cylinders to end-of-stroke in the two directions (opening/closing. To eliminate the air from the fork balance cylinder, move the boom up and down and tilt the fork plate forwards/ back.

WARNING

Do the check of the valves taking all the possible precautionary measures:

- Wear safety glasses
- Wear safety gloves
- Wear safety shoes
- Wear suitable working clothes
- Use guards against leaks of oil at high pressure
- Do the check in a free space with barriers all around to keep non-authorised people away
- Ensure that the part to be checked is in safe condition and that the action generated does not result in an uncontrolled movement of the machine.

■ Checking the MACHINE START CONTROL (at every use)

Attempt to start the engine with the forward or reverse gear put.

The engine must not start. If the engine starts, contact the TEREXLIFT Technical Service.

Repeat the operation putting first one gear, then the other.

■ CHECKING THE STATE OF THE STRUCTURE

Five years or 6000 hours after the first placing into operation of the machine (whichever occurs first), check the state of the structure paying an extreme attention to the welded supporting joints and the pins of both boom and platform (if present).



After the first 5 years, repeat this check every 2 years.

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

WARNING

All maintenance interventions must be carried out with engine stopped, parking brake engaged, working attachments on the ground and gearbox lever in neutral.



When raising a component for maintenance purposes, secure it in a safe way before carrying out any maintenance.

AWARNING

Any intervention on the electrical system unless performed by authorized personnel, is expressly forbidden.

■ BATTERY

- Check the electrolyte level every 250 working hours; if necessary, add distilled water.
- Ensure the fluid is about 0.2 in above the plates and the cell levels are correct.
- Check the cable clips are well secured to the battery terminals. To tighten the clips, always use a box wrench, never pliers.
- Protect the terminals smearing them with pure vaseline.
- Remove the battery and store it in a dry place, when the machine is not used for a long time.

AWARNING

- Battery electrolyte contains sulphuric acid. It can burn you if it touches your skin and eyes. Always wear goggles and protective gloves, and handle the battery with caution to prevent spillage. Keep metal objects (watch straps, rings, necklaces) clear of the battery leads, since they can short the terminals and burn you.
- Before disconnecting the battery, set all switches within the cab to OFF.
- To disconnect the battery, disconnect the negative (-) lead from the frame earth first.
- To connect the battery, connect the positive (+) lead first.
- Recharge the battery far from the machine, in a well-ventilated place.
- Keep out of items which can produce sparks, of naked flames or lit cigarettes.
- Do not rest metal objects onto the battery. This can result in a dangerous short especially during a recharge.
- Because the electrolyte is highly corrosive, it must never come in contact with the frame of the handler or electric/electronic parts. If the electrolyte comes in contact with these parts, contact the nearest authorised assistance centre.



Risk of explosion or shorts. During the recharge, an explosive mixture with release of hydrogen gas forms.



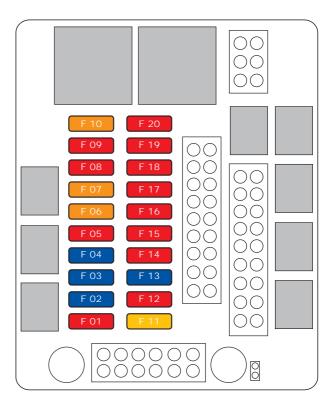
Do not add sulphuric acid; add only distilled water.

■ FUSES AND RELAYS

The electrical system is protected by fuses placed in the driving cab, on the left. Before replacing a blown fuse with a new one having the same amperage, find out and rectify the fault.

Cabin Fuses

REF.	DESCRIPTION	AMP.
F01	WARNING	10
F02	HIGH BEAM	15
F03	LOW BEAM	15
F04	HORN	15
F05	CONTINUOUS FLOW	10
F06	R-FRONT & L-REAR POSITION LIGHTS	5
F07	L-FRONT & R-REAR POSITION LIGHTS	5
F08	POWER SUPPLY OPT	10
F09	STEERING MODE	10
F10	LOCK/UNLOCK ATTACHMENT	5
F11	HEATING	25
F12	GEAR SELECTOR	10
F13	WORK LIGHT	15
F14	WINDSCREEN WASHER	10
F15	FLASHING BEACON	10
F16	STOP LIGHT	10
F17	ROAD LIGHTS	10
F18	EMERGENCY STOP	10
F19	WIPER	10
F20	INSTRUMENT PANEL	10



■ Engine compartment fuses and relays (Deutz Version)



REF	DESCRIPTION	AMP
FG1	MAIN FUSE	50
FG2	GLOW PLUGS FUSE	40
K01	GLOW PLUGS PREHEATING	
K02	ENGINE STARTER	

ACAUTION

- Do not use fuses having a higher amperage than that recommended, since they can damage the electric system seriously.
- If the fuse blows after a short time, look for the fault source by checking the electric system.
- Always keep some spare fuses for an emergency.
- · Never try to repair or short blown fuses.
- Make sure the contacts of fuses and fusesockets ensure a good electric connection and are not oxidised.

Genie

REFUELLING

Part	Product	<i>Deutz</i> Capacity (USgal)	Perkins Capacity (USgal)
Diesel engine	Engine oil	2.6	2
Engine cooling system	Water+antifreeze	3.4	3.4
Fuel tank	Diesel fuel	15.6	15.6
Hydraulic system tank	Hydraulic oil	17	17
Front differential gear with reduction gear	Oil	1 + 0.2	1 + 0.2
Rear differential	Oil	1	1
Front wheel reduction gears	Oil	0.4	0.4
Rear wheel reduction gears	Oil	0.4	0.4

■ PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

■ Engine oil

Use the oil recommended by the Diesel engine Manufacturer (see the relevant handbook delivered with the machine).

At the delivery, the machine is refilled with:

SHELL RIMULA SAE 15W-40 (API CH-4 / CG-4 / CF-4 / CF, ACEA E3, MB 228.3)

■ Lubrication oils and relevant filtering elements

Refill the machine with following lubricants:

Use	Product	Definition
Power divider-Differential gears- Reduction gears	TRACTORENAULT THFI 208 LF SAE 80W	API GL4 / FORD M2C 86B Massey Ferguson M1135
Hydraulic system and brakes	SHELL TELLUS T46	DENISON HF-1 DIN51524 part 2 & 3



Never mix different oils: this may result in troubles and component breaks.

Oils for hydraulic system:

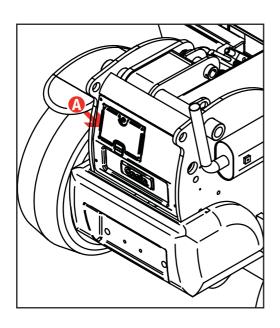
Arctic climates: Temperatures below 14°F Use SHELL Tellus T22
Mild climates: Temperatures from 5°F to 113°F Use SHELL Tellus T46
Tropical climates: Temperatures above 86°F Use SHELL Tellus T68

Fuel

Refuel through cover **A**. Use only Diesel fuel with less than 0.5% sulphur content, according to the specifications of the diesel engine operation handbook.

ACAUTION

In cold climates (temperature under -4°F) use only "Arctic" type Diesel fuel, or oil-diesel fuel, or oil-diesel fuel mixtures. The composition of the latter can vary in relation to the ambient temperature up to max. 80% oil.



Grease

For the machine greasing, use:

Lithium-based Vanguard LIKO grease, type EP2	When greasing by pump.
Graphitized AGIP grease, type GR NG 3	When greasing by brush.
INTERFLON FIN GREASE LS 2	On the telescopic boom



Avoid mixing greases of different type or features and do not use greases of lower quality.

■ Engine coolant

It is advisable to use an antifreeze mixture (50% water-50% antifreeze). At the delivery, the machine is refilled with:

TEREX PRO COOL by VALVOLINE

The use of this product guarantees protection to the circuit for 3 years or 7000 hours without having to add any dry coolant additive.

TEREX PRO COOL Protection against boiling / freezing						
Product %	Freezing point	Boiling point				
33	1.5°F	253°F				
40	-11°F	259°F				
50	-33°F	262°F				
70	-88°F	275°F				

NOTICE

Use an antifreeze mixture in the proportions recommended by the manufacturer in relation to the ambient temperature of the jobsite.

Faults And Troubleshooting

■ FAULTS AND TROUBLESHOOTING

This chapter represents a practical guide for the operator for fixing the most common failures and, at the same time, detecting those interventions that must be carried out by qualified technical engineers. If you are unsure about anything, do not carry out operations on the machine, but call in a skilled technician.



Any repair work, maintenance or troubleshooting must be carried out with machine stopped, boom in rest position or laid on the ground, parking brake engaged and ignition key removed.

PROBLEM	CAUSES	SOLUTIONS
THE DASHBOARD DOES NOT TURN ON	The 50A fuse F61 supplying power to the dashboard is blown (engine compartment)	Replace the fuse
	Battery down	Check the battery
THE STARTER DOES	Forward/reverse gear selector	Set the lever on neutral position
NOTRUN	Battery down	Recharge or replace the battery
THE STARTER RUNS, BUT THE ENGINE DOES NOT START	 Fuses F8 and F12 blown No fuel Diesel fuel filter clogged Diesel fuel hose empty (fuel used up) Solenoid valve - engine stop 	 Check the fuses Refuel See engine operator manual Refuel, then refer to engine operator manual Check the solenoid valve; replace, if ne-
THE MACHINE DOES NOT MOVE FORWARD/BACK	 Speed selector switch in neutral Parking brake engaged Fuse F12 blown 	 Set the speed selector switch correctly Disengage Check the fuse; replace, if necessary
NO SELECTION OF THE STEERING MODE	 Fuse F9 controlling the steering selection blown Steering mode selector 	Replace the fuse Check the selector; replace if necessary
THE MACHINE DRIVE IS NOT ENOUGH	Hydraulic oil filter clogged	Replace the filter

Faults And Troubleshooting

PROBLEM	BLEM CAUSES SOLU			
THE HYDRAULIC OIL THERMOMETER DOES NOT WORK	This is normal, when the outside temperature is low and/or the machine is used for short periods, since the hydraulic oil cannot warm up over 104÷122°F			
THE PARKING BRAKE LIGHT DOES NOT LIGHT UP	Fuse F12 blown	Replace fuse		
BOOM DOES NOT MOVE	Fuse F5 blown	Check and replace fuse, if necessary		

NOTICE

In case of faults not listed in this chapter, address to the TEREXLIFT Technical Assistance, your nearest authorised workshop or dealer.

Faults And Troubleshooting

■ TORQUE WRENCH SETTINGS

METRIC FASTENER TORQUE CHART This chart is to be used as a guide only unless noted elsewhere in this manual																	
Size		Clas	s 4.6	4.6		Class 8.8 (8.8)				Class 10.9 (10.9)				Class 12.9 (12.9)			
(mm)	LUI	3ED	DI	RY	LUE	3ED	DI	RY	LUI	BED	DI	RY	LUI	3ED	DF	RY	
	in-lbs	Nm	in-lbs	Nm	in-lbs	Nm	in-lbs	Nm	in-lbs	Nm	in-lbs	Nm	in-lbs	Nm	in-lbs	Nm	
5	16	1.8	21	2.4	41	4.63	54	6.18	58	6.63	78	8.84	68	7.75	91	10.3	
6	19	3.05	36	4.07	69	7.87	93	10.5	100	11.3	132	15	116	13.2	155	17.6	
7	45	5.12	60	6.83	116	13.2	155	17.6	167	18.9	223	25.2	1.95	22.1	260	29.4	
	LU	3ED	DI	RY	LUE	3ED	Di	RY	LUI	BED	DI	RY	LUI	3ED	DF	RY	
	LUI ft-lbs	BED N m	DI ft-lbs	RY Nm	LUE ft-lbs	BED N m	Di ft-lbs	RY Nm	LUI ft-lbs	BED N m	Di ft-lbs	RY Nm	LUI ft-lbs	BED N m	DF ft-lbs	RY Nm	
8																	
8 10	ft-lbs	Nm	ft-lbs	Nm	ft-lbs	Nm	ft-lbs	Nm	ft-lbs	Nm	ft-lbs	Nm	ft-lbs	Nm	ft-lbs	Nm	
	ft-lbs 5.4	N m 7.41	ft-lbs 7.2	N m	ft-lbs 14	N m	ft-lbs 18.8	N m 25.5	ft-lbs 20.1	N m 27.3	ft-lbs 26.9	N m 36.5	ft-lbs 23.6	N m	ft-lbs 31.4	N m 42.6	
10	ft-lbs 5.4 10.8	N m 7.41 14.7	7.2 14.4	N m 9.88 19.6	ft-lbs 14 27.9	N m 19.1 37.8	ft-lbs 18.8 37.2	N m 25.5 50.5	ft-lbs 20.1 39.9	N m 27.3 54.1	ft-lbs 26.9 53.2	N m 36.5 72.2	ft-lbs 23.6 46.7	N m 32 63.3	ft-lbs 31.4 62.3	N m 42.6 84.4	
10	ft-lbs 5.4 10.8 18.9	N m 7.41 14.7 25.6	ft-lbs 7.2 14.4 25.1	N m 9.88 19.6 34.1	ft-lbs 14 27.9 48.6	N m 19.1 37.8 66	ft-lbs 18.8 37.2 64.9	N m 25.5 50.5 88	ft-lbs 20.1 39.9 69.7	N m 27.3 54.1 94.5	ft-lbs 26.9 53.2 92.2	N m 36.5 72.2 125	ft-lbs 23.6 46.7 81	N m 32 63.3 110	ft-lbs 31.4 62.3 108	Nm 42.6 84.4 147	
10 12 14	5.4 10.8 18.9 30.1	N m 7.41 14.7 25.6 40.8	ft-lbs 7.2 14.4 25.1 40	N m 9.88 19.6 34.1 54.3	ft-lbs 14 27.9 48.6 77.4	N m 19.1 37.8 66 105	ft-lbs 18.8 37.2 64.9	N m 25.5 50.5 88 140	ft-lbs 20.1 39.9 69.7 110	N m 27.3 54.1 94.5 150	ft-lbs 26.9 53.2 92.2 147	N m 36.5 72.2 125 200	ft-lbs 23.6 46.7 81 129	N m 32 63.3 110 175	ft-lbs 31.4 62.3 108 172	N m 42.6 84.4 147 234	
10 12 14 16	5.4 10.8 18.9 30.1 46.9	Nm 7.41 14.7 25.6 40.8 63.6	ft-lbs 7.2 14.4 25.1 40 62.5	9.88 19.6 34.1 54.3 84.8	ft-lbs 14 27.9 48.6 77.4 125	Nm 19.1 37.8 66 105 170	ft-lbs 18.8 37.2 64.9 103 166	Nm 25.5 50.5 88 140 226	ft-lbs 20.1 39.9 69.7 110 173	N m 27.3 54.1 94.5 150 235	ft-lbs 26.9 53.2 92.2 147 230	Nm 36.5 72.2 125 200 313	ft-lbs 23.6 46.7 81 129 202	Nm 32 63.3 110 175 274	ft-lbs 31.4 62.3 108 172 269	Nm 42.6 84.4 147 234 365	
10 12 14 16 18	ft-lbs 5.4 10.8 18.9 30.1 46.9 64.5	N m 7.41 14.7 25.6 40.8 63.6 87.5	ft-lbs 7.2 14.4 25.1 40 62.5 86.2	N m 9.88 19.6 34.1 54.3 84.8	ft-lbs 14 27.9 48.6 77.4 125	Nm 19.1 37.8 66 105 170 233	ft-lbs 18.8 37.2 64.9 103 166 229	N m 25.5 50.5 88 140 226 311	ft-lbs 20.1 39.9 69.7 110 173 238	N m 27.3 54.1 94.5 150 235 323	ft-lbs 26.9 53.2 92.2 147 230 317	N m 36.5 72.2 125 200 313 430	ft-lbs 23.6 46.7 81 129 202 278	Nm 32 63.3 110 175 274 377	ft-lbs 31.4 62.3 108 172 269 371	Nm 42.6 84.4 147 234 365 503	

NOTICE

Sensor maximum driving torque: 11 lbs/ft.



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INTRODUCTION

This section provides information on the optional interchangeable attachments, especially manufactured for the handlers.

Use only genuine attachments, described in this section, after having read their features thoroughly and understood their use.

To install and remove the attachments, follow the instructions supplied in the "Operating Instructions" section.

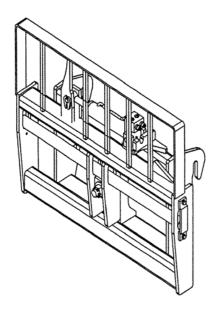


When replacing interchangeable attachments, keep any person clear of the working area.

A DANGER

Mounting optional attachments, and especially the extension jib, can change the centre of gravity of the machine. Before handling a load, check its weight and compare it with the values on the load charts. The weight of the used attachment must always be deducted from the rated payload.

■ SIDE TILT FORK CARRIAGE



TECHNICAL DATA					
Capacity	6000 lbs				
Width (without forks)	15.98 in				
Length	51.48 in				
Height (with protection)	41.25 in				
Weight	638 lbs				
Tilt Rotation	10° left and right				

Application

Quick-coupling fitted attachment for handling palletised loads with possibility of rotation tilting by $\pm 10^{\circ}$.



Strictly obey the general safety precautions given in section "Safety".

When using the tilt feature keep the load as level as possible, using extreme caution when driving off of a slope to reposition the forks, to prevent the load from sliding off of the forks or pallet.

NOTE: If the carriage tilts or drifts due to oil leakage within the cylinder assembly, discontinue use until the problem has been corrected.

When using the shift feature to pick up a load, be sure to return the forks and load to the center position as soon as possible. Do NOT travel with loaded forks shifted to the side.

Operating The Telehandler

Avoid steep hillside operation, which could cause the telehandler to overturn.

Consult the other sections of this machine operator's for maximum incline allowable.

When operating on a slope, keep the load low, and proceed with extreme caution.

Do not drive ACROSS a steep slope - drive straight up and down.

With LOADED forks - drive with the forks and load facing uphill.

With EMPTY forks - drive with the forks facing downhill.

Working With The Attachment

- Never use the attachment for a work platform or personnel carrier.
- Specified lift capacities must not be exceeded, otherwise machine stability will not be sufficient. Always observe lift capacity limits listed in machine specifications or on load charts furnished with the telehandler.
- Always check locking pins before operating any attachment.
- Never lift, move, or swing loaded forks over anyone.

- Always space the forks correctly for the load.
 Loads can fall off incorrectly spaced forks. Make sure the forks are completely under the load before lifting.
- Never stack loads on uneven ground. Loads stacked on uneven ground can topple.
- Never lift a load with one fork. A load lifted with one fork can slip off and cause injury.
- Secure loads properly. Unsecured loads can fall unexpectedly.
- Do not handle round bales with fork lift tines.
- Don't obstruct your vision when traveling or working. Carry the forks low for maximum stability and visibility.

Maintenance & Service

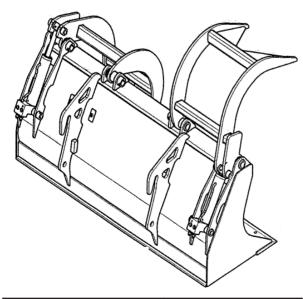
DAILY

- Check all bolts and nuts for tightness.
- Replace any missing bolts or nuts with approved replacement parts.
- Check hydraulic system for hydraulic oil leaks.
- Visually inspect the machine for worn parts or cracked welds, and repair as necessary.

EVERY 40 HOURS

Lubrication is an important part of maintenance. It is recommended that all grease fittings be lubricated after the intitial 8 hours of operation, and then after every 40 hours of use.

SCRAP GRAPPLE



TECHNICAL DATA				
Heaped Capacity	0.83 yd ³			
Overall Grappl Width	78.00 in			
Overall Grapple Depth	28.00 in			
Grapple Height (Closed)	51.00 in			
Grapple Hook Opening	42.80 in			
Weight	1096 lbs			



Strictly obey the general safety precautions given in section "Safety".

- Never heap load heavy material where the combined weight of the bucket and the material could exceed the rated capacity of the loader.
- When using the grapple bucket, be sure that the load does not stick out too far in front of the bucket and be sure that the weight of the load is not too heavy. A light load sticking out too far can have the same tipping effect of the loader as a heavy load carried in close.
- Never operate the grapple forks when people are nearby and could be injured by the hydraulic action of the grapple.
- Do NOT obstruct your vision when traveling or working. Carry the bucket LOW for maximum stability and visibility while traveling.
- Operate at speeds slow enough so that you have complete control at all times. Travel slowly over rough or slippery ground and on hillsides.
- Stay in gear when traveling downhill. Do not shift into neutral. Maintain engine RPM to provide steering and braking functions. Use the same gear range for traveling down a grade as you would for traveling up the grade.
- Avoid steep slopes or unstable surfaces. If you must drive on a slope, keep the load low and proceed with extreme caution. Do not drive ACROSS a steep slope under any circumstances. Drive straight up and down the slope.
- Avoid turning on an incline, if at all possible. If it is necessary, use extreme caution and make the turn wide and SLOW with the bucket carried low.

Installation

- 1. Install hydraulic hoses and couplers onto the 90° elbows on the valve (If not already installed). 2. Seeparagraph "CHANGINGTHEATTACHMENT" in the "Operating Instructions" section for fitting the bucket.
- 3. Connect the bucket hydraulic couplers to the machine auxiliary hydraulics. Route hoses in such a fashion as to prevent chafing and pinching.
- 4. Start engine and slowly cycle grapple cylinders several times to purge system of air and check for proper hydraulic connection, hose routing and hose length.
- 5. Inspect for proper assembly and check for leaks by operating the telehandler and opening and closing the grapple forks.

Detaching Bucket From Telehandler

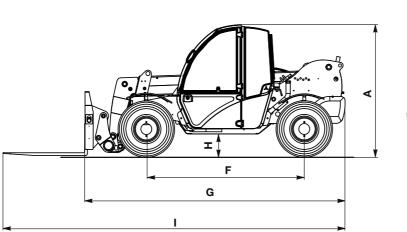
- 1. On firm level ground, close grapple.
- 2. Lower boom arms completely down on loader frame until level bucket is about two inches off the ground.
- 3. Turn off engine. Move control lever back and forth several times to relieve pressure in line, then disconnect quick couplers between bucket and machine auxiliary hydraulic oil lines. NOTE: Connect hydraulic couplers together to prevent contaminants from entering the bucket hydraulic system.
- 4. See paragraph "CHANGING THE ATTACHMENT" in the "Operating Instructions" section for detaching (removing) an attachment. NOTE: Frequent lubrication of grease fittings on the end of all pivot pins (with a multi-purpose grease) will greatly increase life of product.

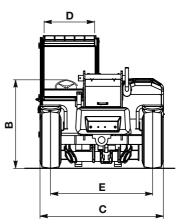


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Specifications





■ MEASUREMENTS	
MEASUREMENTS A Height	4ft 1in 5ft 11in 2ft 6in 4ft 11in 7ft 7in 12ft 7in 1ft 1in
I Overall Length Lifting height (max) Lifting capacity(max) Lift capacity at maximum height Lift capacity at maximum reach Forward reach (max) Reach at maximum height Fork-holder plate rotation Weight***	19ft 5500lbs 4400lbs 1900lbs 11ft 2ft 130°
■ PRODUCTIVITY	
Lifting/lowering speed** Extension/retraction speed** Inside/outside turning radius Break-out force (with 500lt shovel SAE J732/80) Towing capacity at dynamometer*/** Travel speed (max) Chassis levelling on both axles Floating forks Tyres(DIN 70631)	7s/4s 5ft 9in/9ft 10in 8157 lbs 9325lbs/6835lbs 15 mph 2.3° L 3ft 11in section3,9in x 1,6in

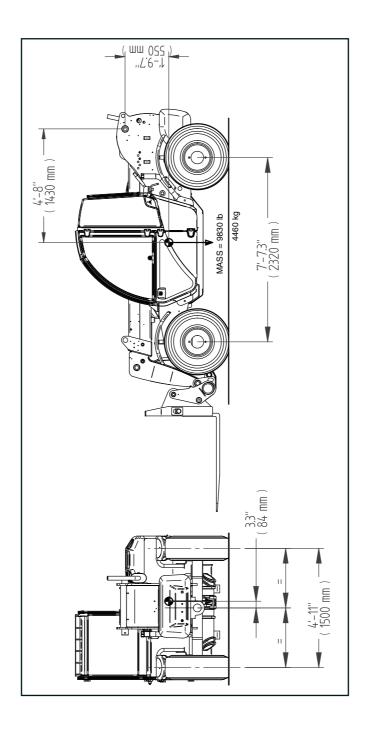
Specifications

■ POWER		
Engine Model	Deutz D2011 L04 220 in³ Vertical in line In-direct injection 68 hp (@2600 rpm) 155 lb-ft (@1700 rpm) 136 ft-lb/68hp (@2600rpm) Naturally aspirated 4 95 A 720 A	Perkins 804D.33 210 in Vertical in line In-direct injection 63 hp (@2500 rpm) 147 lb-ft (@1600 rpm) 132 ft-lb/63hp (@2500rpm) Naturally aspirated 4 95 A 720 A
Hydraulic Hydraulic output/pressure	18.5 USgal/min / 4061 psi	17.8 USgal/min / 4061 psi
FLOOR LOADING SPECIFICATIONS Occupied Floor Area Occupied Floor Pressure Max. Tire Load Max Axle Load Tire Contact Pressure		

^{*}Max Load; ** No Load; ***With Fork

Specifications

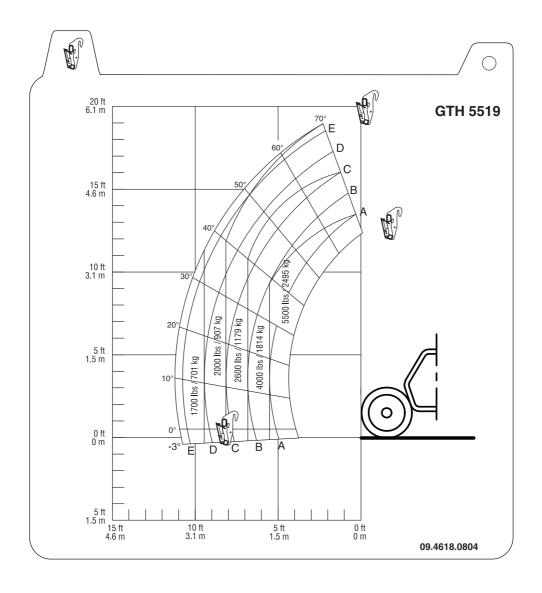
■ CENTER OF GRAVITY GTH-5519



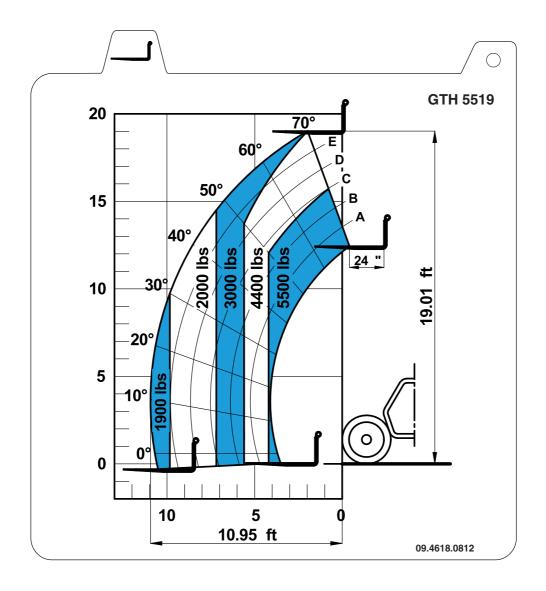


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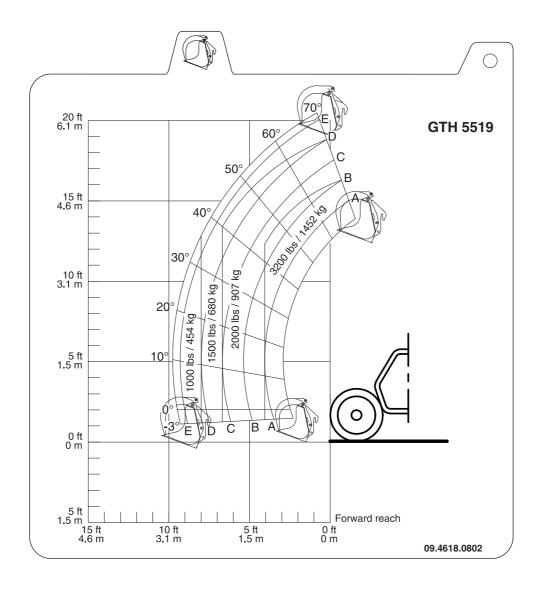
■ GTH 5519 UNIVERSAL ATTACHMENT ADAPTER



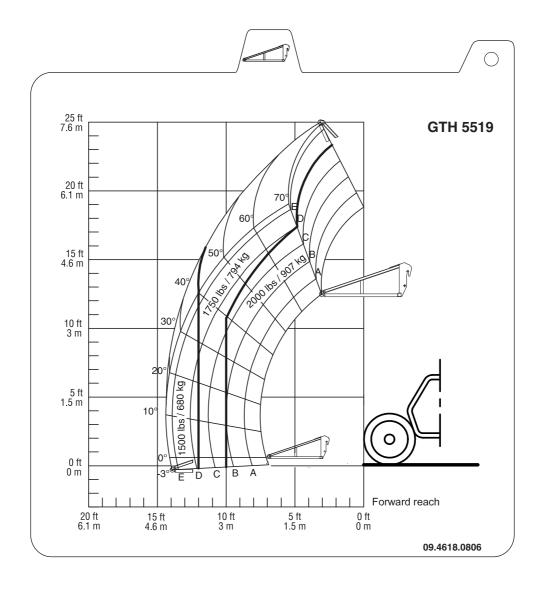
■ GTH 5519 FLOATING FORKS



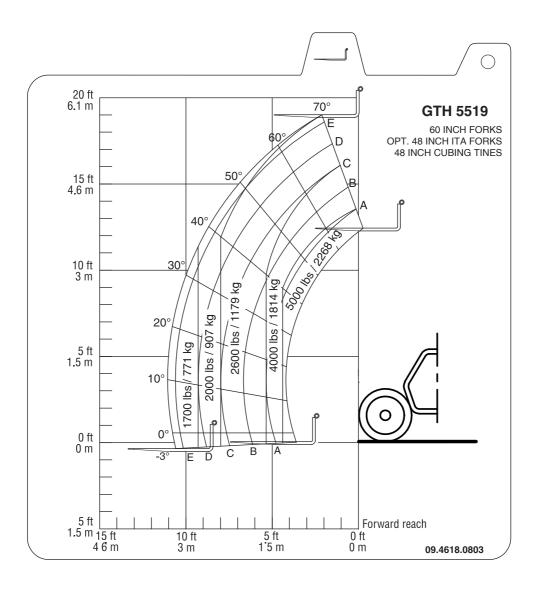
■ GTH 5519 SCRAP GRAPPLE BUCKET



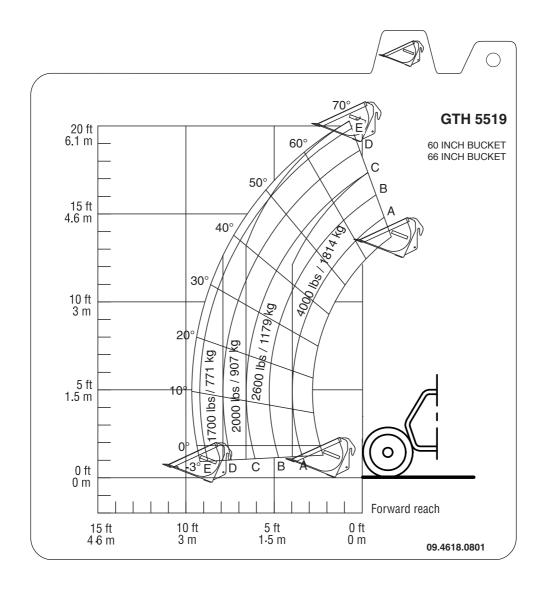
■ GTH 5519 TRUSS BOOM



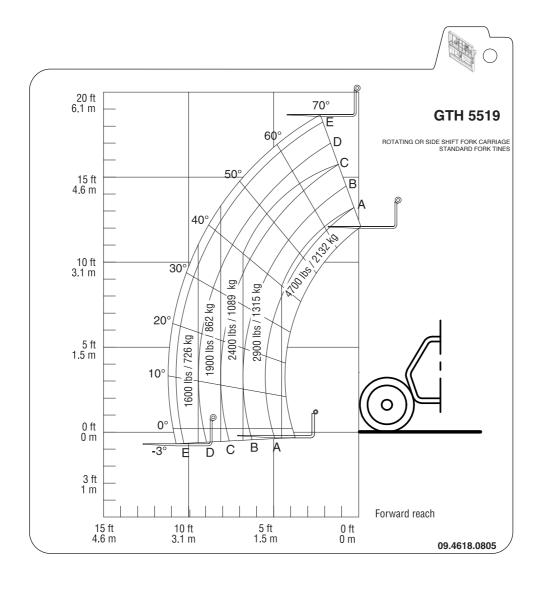
■ GTH 5519 60 INCH FORKS - OPTIONAL 48 INCH FORKS - 48 INCH CUBING TINES



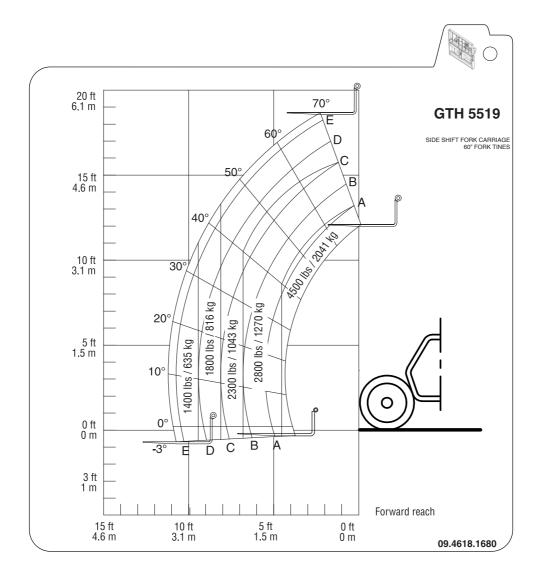
■ GTH 5519 60 INCH OR 66 INCH BUCKET



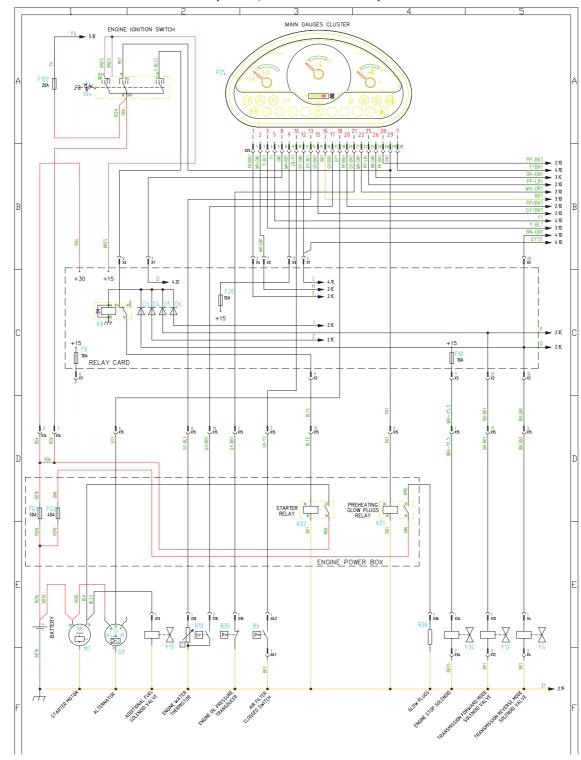
■ GTH 5519 ROTATING OR SIDE SHIFT FORK CARRIAGE - STANDARD FORK TINES



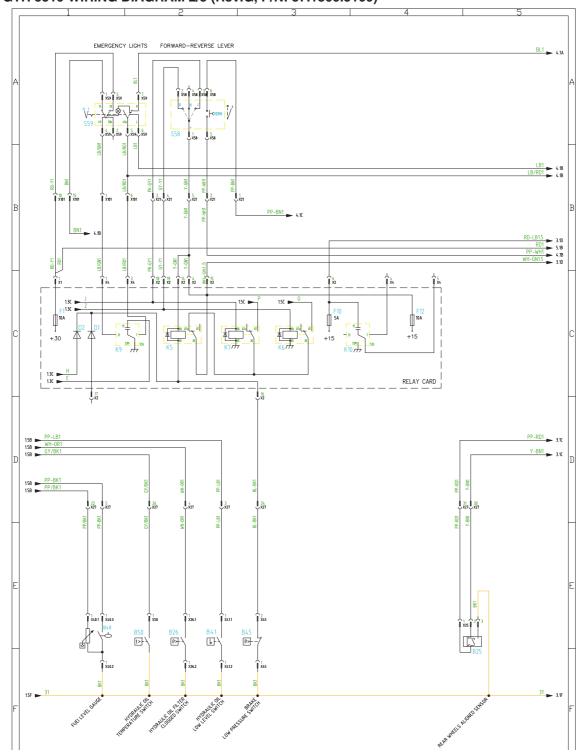
■ GTH 5519 SIDE SHIFT FORK CARRIAGE - 60" FORK TINES



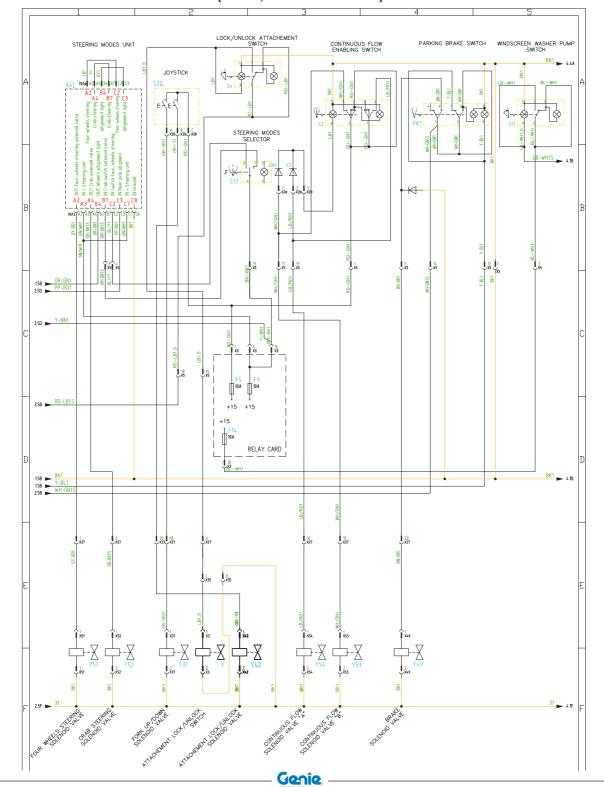
■ GTH 5519 WIRING DIAGRAM 1/5 (Rev.G, P/N: 57.1800.5109)



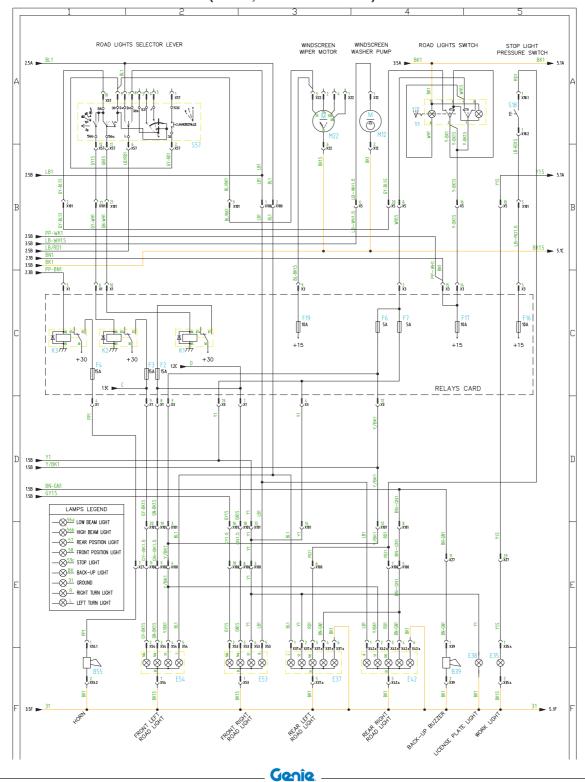
■ GTH 5519 WIRING DIAGRAM 2/5 (Rev.G, P/N: 57.1800.5109)



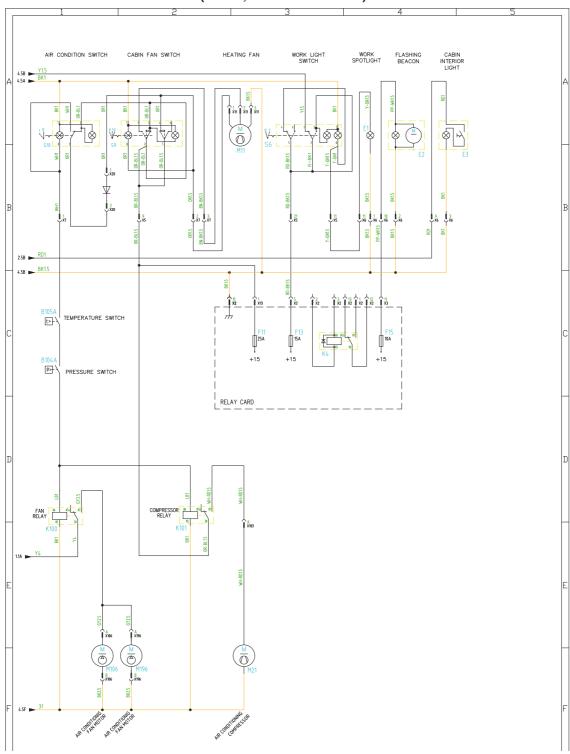
■ GTH 5519 WIRING DIAGRAM 3/5 (Rev.G, P/N: 57.1800.5109)



■ GTH 5519 WIRING DIAGRAM 4/5 (Rev.G, P/N: 57.1800.5109)



■ GTH 5519 WIRING DIAGRAM 5/5 (Rev.G, P/N: 57.1800.5109)



■ GTH 5519 HYDRAULIC DIAGRAM (Rev.C, P/N: 57.2201.3000)

